COUNTY OF MENDOCINO

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

THIS PAGE INTENTIO	NALLY LEFT BLANK	

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

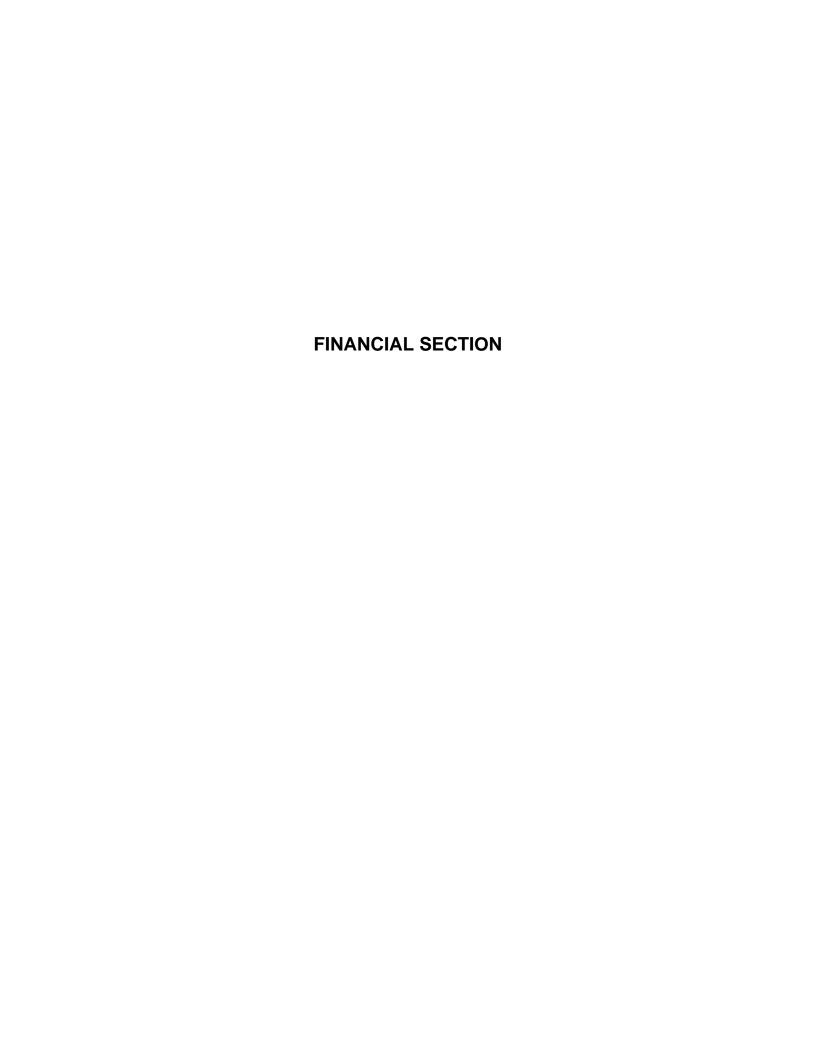
Table of Contents

FINANCIAL OFOTION	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3-10
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	14-15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets – Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	18-19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities	20
Drantiatory Eunda	
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Fund Net Assets	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	
Statement of Cash Flows	23
Otationical of Odsit Flows	20
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	25
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27-53
Required Supplementary Information:	
County Employee's Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan):	
Schedule of Funding Progress	55
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	56-57
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Mental Health Services Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Road Fund	59
Note to Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Basis of Accounting	60
Supplemental Information:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	61-64
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Combining Claterion of November, Experience of and Changes in Faile Balarios	00 00
Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fund Net Assets	69-70
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	71-72
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	73-74

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Table of Contents (continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	Page
Supplemental Information (continued):	
Investment Trust Funds: Combining Balance Sheet	75



THIS PAGE INTENTIO	NALLY LEFT BLANK	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors and Grand Jury County of Mendocino Ukiah, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Mendocino, California, (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued under separate cover, our report dated December 28, 2012, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Supervisors and Grand Jury County of Mendocino

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Roseville, California December 28, 2012

Gallina LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

As management of Mendocino County, we offer readers of the County of Mendocino's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Mendocino County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here.

Financial Highlights

- The County of Mendocino's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$66,760,202 (net assets). There was a deficit of (\$31,191,190) in unrestricted net assets.
- ❖ The County's total net assets decreased by \$8,197,567. Reasons for this decrease include increases to the closure/post-closure liability and change in the net pension asset balance.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's combined (all governmental funds) ending fund balance was \$29,872,969. This was a increase of \$5,213,468 in comparison with the prior year.
- Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund at the close of the current fiscal year was \$12,146,891.
- ❖ Total debt decreased by \$3,685,426 (3.39%) during the 2011/12 Fiscal Year.

Overview of the Financial Statements. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Mendocino's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Individual Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains additional supplementary information to the basic Financial Statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County of Mendocino's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. It is comprised of a Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Mendocino County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the County of Mendocino that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or significant portion of their costs through user fees, fines and charges for service. The governmental activities of the County include: General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities (Transportation), Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, Recreation and Culture, and Debt Service and Contingencies. Internal Service Funds that provide insurance coverage, computer software acquisition and vehicle replacement are also included in governmental activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements include not only the County of Mendocino itself (known as the primary government), but also several legally separate lighting districts, a sanitation district, a water agency, an air quality management district, and a public facilities corporation for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units, with the exception of the Water Agency and Air Quality Management District, is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Water Agency and Air Quality Management District, although also legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the County, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The Government-wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Individual Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statements of revenues, expenditures, and charges in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County of Mendocino maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general fund, the road fund, the mental health fund, the debt service fund and the pension obligation bonds fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fourteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County of Mendocino adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule (page 56) has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County of Mendocino's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, its management information systems and for self-insurance coverage. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

All of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27-53 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required Supplementary Information can be found on pages 55-60 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 61-75 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County of Mendocino, assets exceeded liabilities by \$66,760,202 at the close of the 2011/12 Fiscal Year.

By far the largest portion of the County's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County of Mendocino's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

County of Mendocino's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities*		
	2012	2011	
Current and other assets	\$ 115,454,283	\$ 119,464,870	
Capital assets	100,140,041	100,307,029	
Total Assets	215,594,324	219,771,899	
Total Assets	215,594,524	219,771,099	
Long-term liabilities	128,495,764	125,709,586	
Other liabilities	20,338,358	19,104,544	
Total Liabilities	148,834,122	144,814,130	
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	74,698,740	74,585,302	
Restricted	23,252,652	25,669,041	
Unrestricted	(31,191,190)	(25,296,574)	
Total Net Assets	\$ 66,760,202	\$ 74,957,769	

^{*} Because Internal Service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions they have been included within governmental activities.

Investments in capital assets are subject to various external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining negative balance of unrestricted net assets in the amount of (\$31,191,190) cannot be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net assets by \$8,197,567. Key elements of this decrease are the increases in closure/post-closure liability and the change in the net pension asset balance.

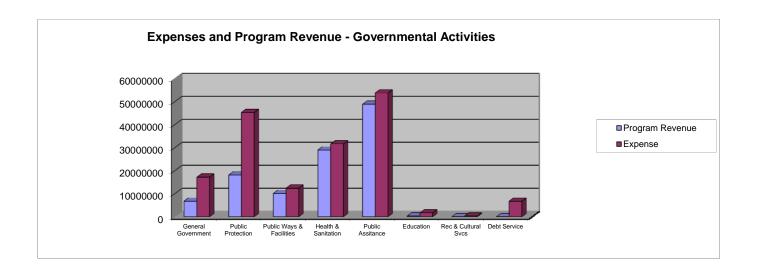
Revenues

11010111100		2012		2011
Program Revenues:		20.2		2011
Fees, fines and charges for services	\$	16,978,991	\$	20,759,976
Operating grants & contributions	·	93,885,542	•	111,534,406
Capital grants & contributions		2,666,040		4,995,419
				, ,
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		40,621,657		41,144,426
Sales & use taxes		10,723,295		9,741,986
Other taxes		3,842,861		3,644,843
Unrestricted interest & investment earnings		1,026,203		701,241
Miscellaneous		2,427,781		1,590,451
Change in estimate - OPEB				5,653,767
Special Item				11,499,287
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution		(1,405,328)		
		(, , ,		
Total Revenues, Special Item and				
Extraordinary Item		170,767,042		211,265,802
Expenses				
Expenses:				
General government		17,899,927		16,205,286
Public protection		48,623,849		49,125,445
Public ways & facilities		12,784,390		12,916,136
Health & sanitation		35,317,480		35,845,647
Public assistance		55,458,554		58,642,918
Education		1,753,995		1,713,418
Recreation and cultural services		318,234		255,063
Interest on long-term debt		6,808,180		6,579,594
Total Expenses		178,964,609		181,283,507
Change in Net Assets		(8,197,567)		29,982,295
Beginning Net Assets		74,957,769		44,975,474
Ending Net Assets	\$	66,760,202	\$	74,957,769

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Because Internal Service funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions they have been included within governmental activities.

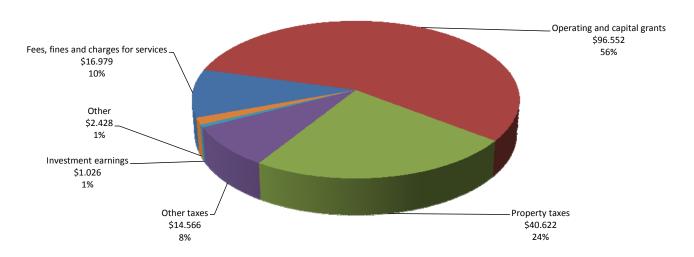
❖ Property taxes decreased by (\$522,769) (1.27%) during the year. Most of this decrease is attributable to a 0.64% decrease in assessed valuations.



Expenses and Program Revenue Program Governmental Functions Revenue Expense **General Government** 6,869,270 \$ 17,224,969 **Public Protection** 18,178,880 45,401,460 Public Ways & Facilities 12,478,228 10,167,788 Health & Sanitation 29,069,787 31,682,208 Public Assitance 48,912,042 53,884,512 Education 328,177 1,684,779 Rec & Cultural Svcs 4,629 304,497 **Debt Service** 6,808,180

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues by Source (in millions) - Governmental Activities



The largest portion of revenue received by the County comes from Federal and State sources (approximately (56%). The second largest source comes from property taxes (24%). However, it should be noted that of every \$1.00 collected in property tax approximately 63% benefits schools, with 30% going toward the funding of County services and programs. Cities receive 2% and Special Districts receive 5%. Only 34% of total revenue received is discretionary (not dedicated to particular services/programs).

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Business-type activities. None of Mendocino County's funds are classified as business-type activities.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds. As noted earlier, the County of Mendocino uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County of Mendocino's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Mendocino's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$29,872,969, an increase of \$5,213,468 from the prior year. Some of the fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$698,595); 2) to pay debt service (\$7,300,497); 3) for specific road infrastructure projects (\$3,621,273); 4) for mental health programs (\$2,268,614); 5) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$3,846,612).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County of Mendocino. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$12,146,891, while total fund balance reached \$12,470,215. The fund balance of the County of Mendocino's general fund increased by \$6,996,634 during the 2011/12 Fiscal Year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

The debt service fund had a total fund balance of \$2,022,397, all of which is assigned for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$3,265. Interest expenditures increased during the current period by \$1,030,721.

The pension obligation fund had a total fund balance of \$5,278,100, all of which is assigned for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year was (\$738,327).

The mental health services fund had a total fund balance of 2,268,614. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$956,995.

The road fund had a total fund balance of \$4,218,100. The net decrease for the year was (\$2,179,231).

Proprietary Funds. The County of Mendocino's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the internal service funds at the end of the year amounted to \$6,133,726.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. Difference between the original budget and the final amended budget is summarized below:

- ❖ Increased Sheriff's budgeted expenditures and corresponding revenues by \$325,990 for fixed asset purchases from Asset Forfeiture and sheriff's efficiency audit from Federal COP grant funds.
- Increased Jail's budgeted expenditures and corresponding revenues by \$40,000 for fixed asset purchase from asset forfeiture.
- ❖ Increased Little River Airport's budgeted expenditures and corresponding revenues by \$32,000 for a new aviation fuel dispenser/card reader system.
- Increased Probation's budgeted expenditures and corresponding revenues by \$413,299 for the AB109 criminal justice realignment plan.
- Increased Emergency Service's budgeted expenditures and corresponding revenues by \$84,138 for NOAA/CalEMA grant to purchase tsunami sirens.
- Increased Treasurer's budgeted expenditures and corresponding revenues by \$49,999 for replacement of remittance processing system.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County of Mendocino's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$100,140,041 (net of accumulated depreciation).

This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total decrease in the County of Mendocino's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.2%. Additional details of capital assets are in Note 7 on Page 41.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

County of Mendocino's Capital Assets

	2012	 2011
Land Structures and improvements	\$ 3,002,620 38,390,321	\$ 3,002,620 39,016,623
Improvements other than buildings Equipment	2,488,578 6,955,241	2,700,584 7,208,902
Infrastructure Construction in progress	44,251,121 5,052,160	 44,527,187 3,851,113
Total	\$ 100,140,041	\$ 100,307,029

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of Mendocino has long-term debt outstanding of \$105,016,301.

County of Mendocino's Outstanding Debt

	2012	 2011
General obligation bonds Certificates of Participation Capital leases & loans	\$ 79,575,000 24,505,000 936,301	\$ 82,980,000 24,130,000 1,591,727
Total	\$ 105,016,301	\$ 108,701,727

The County of Mendocino's total debt decreased by \$3,685,426 (3.39%) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was an increase in principal payment on the general obligation bonds.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue at 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County of Mendocino is \$951,986,284, which is significantly in excess of the County of Mendocino's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County of Mendocino's long-term debt can be found in note 8 on pages 42-44 of this report.

Economic Factors that Impacted Budget. All of the factors listed below were considered in preparing the County of Mendocino's budget for the 2012/13 fiscal year.

- Continued decline of national, state & local economies.
- Increased expenses to employee benefits due to increases in retirement costs.
- Decreased employee salaries due to salary concessions necessary with the lagging economy.

Requests for Information. The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Mendocino's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Mendocino County Auditor-Controller, 501 Low Gap Road, Ukiah, California, 95482.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIO	NALLY LEFT BLANK	

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 38,127,965
Cash with fiscal agent	7,832,322
Other cash	250,027
Accounts receivable	705,418
Due from other governments	14,664,755
Taxes receivable	1,058,694
Inventories	698,595
Net pension asset	50,111,272
Deferred charges	2,005,235
Capital assets:	2,000,200
Nondepreciable	8,054,780
Depreciable, net	92,085,261
Total Assets	215,594,324
Total Assets	210,004,024
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,129,511
Salaries and benefits payable	2,289,022
Interest payable	1,767,023
Unearned revenue	11,152,802
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion due or payable within one year:	
Certificates of participation	975,000
Bonds payable	3,575,000
Loans payable	583,183
Liability for compensated absences	4,415,527
Claims liability	3,312,741
Portion due or payable after one year:	, ,
Certificates of participation	23,530,000
Bonds payable	76,000,000
Loans payable	353,118
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	2,054,295
Closure/post-closure liability	13,696,900
Total Liabilities	148,834,122
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	74,698,740
Restricted for:	
Legally segregated taxes, grants and fees	9,083,310
Debt service and capital projects	14,169,342
Unrestricted	(31,191,190)
Total Net Assets	66,760,202
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$215,594,324

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		F	Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets
		Fees, Fines,	Operating	Capital	Primary Government
		and Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 17,899,927	\$ 3,475,224	\$ 3,049,543	\$ 344,503	\$ (11,030,657)
Public protection	48,623,849	8,752,166	9,426,714		(30,444,969)
Public ways and facilities	12,784,390	329,114	7,517,137	2,321,537	(2,616,602)
Health and sanitation	35,317,480	4,105,555	24,964,232		(6,247,693)
Public assistance	55,458,554	280,822	48,631,220		(6,546,512)
Education	1,753,995	36,110	292,067		(1,425,818)
Recreation and culture	318,234		4,629		(313,605)
Debt Service:					
Interest	6,808,180				(6,808,180)
Total Governmental Activities	\$178,964,609	\$ 16,978,991	\$93,885,542	\$ 2,666,040	(65,434,036)
	General Revenu Taxes:	ues:			
	Property tax	es			40,621,657
	Sales and u	se taxes			10,723,295
	Transient or	ccupancy tax			3,556,307
	Other				286,554
	Unrestricted in	nterest and invest	ment earnings		1,026,203
	Miscellaneous	3			2,427,781
	Total Ge	eneral Revenues			58,641,797
	Change in Net A	Assets Before Ext	raordinary Item		(6,792,239)
	Extraordinary ite	em - RDA dissolu	tion		(1,405,328)
	Change in Net A	∖sset			(8,197,567)
	Net Assets - E	Beginning of Year			74,957,769
	Net Assets - E	End of Year			\$ 66,760,202

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIO	NALLY LEFT BLANK	

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General	Debt Service	Pension Obligation Bonds	Mental Health Services
<u>Assets</u>				
Pooled cash and investments in treasury	\$21,029,202	\$ 24,986	\$	\$ 3,542,915
Restricted Assets:				
Cash with fiscal agent		2,031,991	5,800,331	
Imprest cash	9,535			100
Accounts receivable	432,439			193,622
Taxes receivable	848,694			
Due from other governments	3,939,489			3,983,172
Inventory	101,768			
Total Assets	\$26,361,127	\$2,056,977	\$ 5,800,331	\$7,719,809
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,813,247	\$ 1,350	\$	\$ 1,306,617
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,964,067			96,879
Due to other funds			522,231	
Matured principal and interest payable		33,230		
Deferred revenue	1,889,532			4,047,699
Unearned revenue	8,224,066			
Total Liabilities	13,890,912	34,580	522,231	5,451,195
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	101,768			
Restricted		2,022,397	5,278,100	2,268,614
Assigned	221,556			2,200,011
Unassigned	12,146,891			
Total Fund Balances	12,470,215	2,022,397	5,278,100	2,268,614
rotari ana Dalanoco	12,710,210	2,022,031	5,275,100	2,200,014
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$26,361,127	\$2,056,977	\$5,800,331	\$ 7,719,809

Balance Sheet (continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

		Other	
		Governmental	
	Road	Funds	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Pooled cash and investments in treasury	\$4,579,704	\$ 3,150,488	\$32,327,295
Restricted Assets:			
Cash with fiscal agent			7,832,322
Imprest cash	50	780	10,465
Accounts receivable	2,475	2,800	631,336
Taxes receivable		210,000	1,058,694
Due from other governments	3,012,597	2,577,524	13,512,782
Inventory	596,827		698,595
Total Assets	\$8,191,653	\$ 5,941,592	\$56,071,489
		<u> </u>	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$1,667,756	\$ 215,089	\$ 5,004,059
Accrued salaries and benefits	136,129	78,736	2,275,811
Due to other funds	· 	1,812,379	2,334,610
Matured principal and interest payable			33,230
Deferred revenue	2,169,668	219,845	8,326,744
Unearned revenue	, , 	, 	8,224,066
Total Liabilities	3,973,553	2,326,049	26,198,520
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	596,827		698,595
Restricted	3,621,273	3,625,056	16,815,440
Assigned			221,556
Unassigned		(9,513)	12,137,378
Total Fund Balances	4,218,100	3,615,543	29,872,969
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$8,191,653	\$ 5,941,592	\$56,071,489

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fund Balance - total governmental funds (page 14)	\$ 29,872,969
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Deferred charges in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	2,005,235
The pension asset resulting from contributions in excess of the annual required contribution are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	50,111,272
Deferred revenues represent amounts that are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	8,326,744
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	100,140,041
Advance of interest earnings from the trustee was previously recognized as revenue in the governmental funds and is currently being recognized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide statements.	(2,928,736)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of unemployment insurance, dental insurance, fleet services and telephone services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund net assets are:	6,133,726
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities are reported in the statement of net assets.	
Loans payable Bonds payable Certificates of participation Accrued interest on long-term debt Compensated absences	(936,301) (79,575,000) (24,505,000) (1,733,793) (4,399,760)
Landfill closure/post closure care costs OPEB liability	 (13,696,900) (2,054,295)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 11)	\$ 66,760,202

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		General		Debt Service		Pension Obligation Bonds
Revenues:	Φ	E4 0E0 7E0	ው		ው	
Taxes	\$	54,853,752	\$		\$	
Licenses, permits and franchises		2,378,594 65,224,988				
Intergovernmental Revenue from use of money and property		720,329		26,104		(25,093)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		2,057,897		18,000		(23,093)
Charges for services		10,427,939		10,000		
Other revenues				29 720		46.029
Total Revenues		2,131,749 137,795,248		38,729 82,833		46,028
Total Revenues		137,793,246	_	02,033		20,935
Expenditures: Current:						
General government		13,206,898		19,023		2,150
Public protection		41,090,866		10,020		2,100
Public ways and facilities		(125,722)				
Health and sanitation		10,321,460				
Public assistance		50,477,545				
Education		200,586				
Recreation and culture		291,735				
Debt service:		,				
Principal				1,863,961		3,405,000
Interest		571,206		2,372,144		4,509,199
Capital outlay		1,711,758				
Total Expenditures		117,746,332		4,255,128		7,916,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		20,048,916		(4,172,295)		(7,895,414)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		658,273		2,495,560		7,157,087
Transfers out		(13,710,555)				
Issuance of refunding debt				25,810,000		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				(24,130,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(13,052,282)		4,175,560		7,157,087
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution			_			
Net Changes in Fund Balances		6,996,634		3,265		(738,327)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		5,473,581		2,019,132		6,016,427
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	12,470,215	\$	2,022,397	\$	5,278,100

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Mental Health			G	Other overnmental	
Barrana	Services		Road		Funds	Total
Revenues:	Ф	Φ.	25 207	Φ	4 070 504	Ф <i>ЕЕ</i> 0 <u>Е</u> 0 740
Taxes	\$	\$,	\$	1,070,591	\$ 55,959,740
Licenses, permits and franchises	40,000,750		56,724		287,469	2,722,787
Intergovernmental	16,262,758		8,487,049		7,621,609	97,596,404
Revenue from use of money and property	1,497		28,688 54.750		19,997	771,522
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	1,098,430		54,750 217,640		213,995	2,344,642
Charges for services Other revenues	64,397		46,613		241,491	11,985,500
Total Revenues	17,427,082				100,265	2,427,781
Total Revenues	17,427,002		8,926,861		9,555,417	173,808,376
Expenditures: Current:						
General government					142,632	13,370,703
Public protection					1,878,304	42,969,170
Public ways and facilities			9,745,457		41,502	9,661,237
Health and sanitation	16,005,950		3,743,437		2,672,016	28,999,426
Public assistance	10,000,000				2,357,294	52,834,839
Education					1,361,449	1,562,035
Recreation and culture					3,727	295,462
Debt service:					0,727	200,402
Principal Principal						5,268,961
Interest						7,452,549
Capital outlay			4,197,558		319,222	6,228,538
Total Expenditures	16,005,950		13,943,015		8,776,146	168,642,920
1 2 2 2 2 2						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	1,421,132		(5,016,154)		779,271	5,165,456
Other Financing Sources (Hose):						
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in			3,321,985		1,253,222	14,886,127
Transfers out	(464,137)		(485,062)		(453,033)	(15,112,787)
Issuance of refunding debt	(404,137)	'	(403,002)		(433,033)	25,810,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent						(24,130,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(464,137)		2,836,923		800,189	1,453,340
Total Other Financing Cources (Oses)	(404,137)		2,000,020		000,100	1,400,040
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution					(1,405,328)	(1,405,328)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	956,995		(2,179,231)		174,132	5,213,468
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,311,619		6,397,331		3,441,411	24,659,501
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,268,614	\$	4,218,100	\$	3,615,543	\$ 29,872,969

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change to fund balance - total governmental funds (page 19)		\$ 5,213,468
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related capital assets adjustments Less current year depreciation	\$ 5,406,344 (5,556,600)	(150,256)
Governmental fund revenues deferred at year end due to unavailability, and therefore, deferred under the modified accrual basis method of accounting, were recognized as revenue on the full accrual method of accounting.		(3,305,795)
Interest received in advance as a result of a debt service forward agreement are deferred in the government-wide statements and recognized over the life of the bonds.		209,196
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources for governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		(25,810,000)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal and refunded debt repayments: Capital leases	96,465	
Loans payable Bonds payable and certificates of participation	558,961 28,840,000	29,495,426
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt Amortization of bond issuance costs Change in net pension asset Change in net OPEB obligation Change in compensated absences	738,694 (94,325) (6,833,355) (1,895,295) 429,344	
Change in liability for closure/post closure care Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	(4,593,717)	(12,248,654)
activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		 (1,600,952)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 12)		\$ (8,197,567)

Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2012

Julie 30, 2012		
	Go	overnmental
		Activities
		Internal
		Service
<u>ASSETS</u>		Funds
Current Assets:		
Pooled cash and investments in treasury	\$	5,790,205
Other cash		250,027
Accounts receivable		74,082
Due from other governments		1,151,973
Due from other funds		2,358,360
Total Current Assets		9,624,647
		_
Total Assets		9,624,647
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		125,452
Accrued salaries and benefits		13,211
Due to other funds		23,750
Compensated absences		15,767
Liability for unpaid claims		3,312,741
Total Current Liabilities		3,490,921
Total Liabilities		3,490,921
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted		6,133,726
Total Net Assets		6,133,726
		-,,

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service
	Funds
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 18,243,532
Total Operating Revenues	18,243,532
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and employee benefits	504,544
Services and supplies	15,803,348
Insurance	4,675,821
Depreciation	16,732
Claims and judgments	531,292
Total Operating Expenses	21,531,737
Operating Income (Loss)	(3,288,205)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):	
Interest income	45,485
Intergovernmental revenue	1,415,108
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,460,593
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(1,827,612)
Transfers in	499,956
Transfers out	(273,296)
Change in Net Assets	(1,600,952)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	7,734,678
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 6,133,726

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental
	Activities
	Internal
	Service
CACLLEL OMO EDOM ODED ATIMO ACTIVITIES.	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ф 47 404 4F0
Cash receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 17,181,452
Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(512,288)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(20,590,657)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(3,921,493)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	
Interfund loans	(1,144,610)
Transfers in	499,956
Transfers out	(273,296)
Intergovernmental revenues	1,415,108
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	497,158
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received (paid)	45,485
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	45,485
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	
and Cash Equivalents	(3,378,850)
and Jash Equivalents	(3,370,030)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	9,419,082
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 6,040,232
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)	
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by	
Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,288,205)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	16,732
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	(1,062,080)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	11,294
Accrued salaries	(11,170)
Compensated absences	3,426
Claims liability	408,510
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (3,921,493)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Investment	Agency	Pension Trust	Priv	rate Purpose
	Trust	Funds	Fund		rust Fund
Assets					
Cash and investments in treasury	\$ 141,268,374	\$ 9,649,889	\$ 2,354,860	\$	818,042
Other investments			340,497,907	·	
Accounts receivable			279,662		
Taxes receivable		12,933,580			
Other assets			3,786		9,798
Total Assets	\$ 141,268,374	\$ 22,583,469	\$ 343,136,215	\$	827,840
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable and accrued expense	\$	\$	\$ 399,403	\$	
Agency funds held for others		22,583,469			
Total Liabilities		22,583,469	399,403		
Net assets					
Net Assets held in trust for:					
Other entities					827,840
Retirement system			342,736,812		
Investment pool participants	141,268,374				
Total Net Assets	141,268,374		342,736,812		827,840
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 141,268,374	\$ 22,583,469	\$ 343,136,215	\$	827,840

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Investment Trust	Pension Trust Fund	Private Prupose Trust Fund
Additions Contributions:			
	\$	\$ 11,811,076	\$
Employer contributions Member contributions	Φ	4,840,275	Φ
Contributions on pooled investments	339,904,987	4,040,273	
Interest and investment income - net	841,502	(4,078,489)	3,245
Total Additions	340,746,489		
Total Additions	340,740,409	12,572,862	3,245
Deductions			
Benefit payments		24,180,110	
Distributions from investment pool	316,003,993		
Payments to taxing entities			427,324
Administrative expense		698,463	344,908
Total Deductions	316,003,993	24,878,573	772,232
Change in net assets before extraordinary items	24,742,496	(12,305,711)	(768,987)
Extraordinary item			
Dissolution of County Redevelopment Agency			1,596,827
Dissolution of County Redevelopment Agency			1,390,021
Change in net assets	24,742,496	(12,305,711)	827,840
	,,	(-,,,,	5_1,515
Net Assets, beginning	116,525,878	355,042,523	
Net Assets, ending	\$ 141,268,374	\$ 342,736,812	\$ 827,840

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provided in the financial section of this report are considered an integral and essential part of adequate disclosure and fair presentation of this report. The notes include a summary of significant accounting policies for the County, and other necessary disclosure of pertinent matters relating to the financial position of the County. The notes express significant insight to the financial statements and are conjunctive to understanding the rationale for presentation of the financial statements and information contained in this document.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Mendocino (County), the primary government, is a political subdivision of the State of California. It is governed by an elected board of five County supervisors.

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. These financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Reporting for component units on the County's financial statements can be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Blended component units are an extension of the County and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each component unit has a June 30th year end.

Blended Component Units. The Alexander Estates Lighting District, Covelo Lighting District, Fairview Acres Lighting District, Hopland Lighting District, Laytonville Lighting District, Noyo Lighting District, Oak Knoll Lighting District, Riverwood Terrace Lighting District, Ukiah Village Lighting District, West Talmage Lighting District, Lakewood Lighting District, Meadowbrook Manor Sanitation District, Mendocino County Air Quality Management District, and Mendocino County Public Facilities Corporation are districts and a corporation governed by the County board of supervisors. The component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the primary government, hence, these units are presented by blending them with the primary government.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>. There are no component units of the County which meet the criteria for discrete presentation.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities that report information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities, generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. At June 30, 2012, the County had no business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or functions, and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function and allocated indirect expenses. Direct expenses also include each function's allocated share of indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are provided for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary* and fiduciary – even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of the Governmental and Proprietary Fund financial statements is on major individual funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column. All remaining governmental funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreational services.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the Certificates of Participation.
- The Pension Obligation Bonds Fund is used to accumulate funds for the payment of debt service on the Pension Obligation Bonds. Deposits are made on each pay period from amounts charged to the individual departments, based on retirement participation.
- The Mental Health Services Fund is a special revenue fund whose revenues are legally restricted for specified mental health purposes. The financial activities of the Mental Health Department were formerly an integral part of the County General Fund prior to fiscal 2002-2003.
- The Road Fund is a special revenue fund that provides for planning, design, construction, maintenance and administration of County maintained roads. Revenues consist primarily of highway user taxes and other intergovernmental revenues.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

 Internal Service Funds are used to account for the County's vehicle replacement and software acquisition services provided to other departments or to other governments and self-insurance programs – unemployment, general liability, worker's compensation and health insurance benefits, on a costreimbursement basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

- The Investment Trust Fund accounts for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the
 County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts
 governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for
 cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the
 County to disburse these monies on demand.
- The Agency Funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments.
- The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the pooled cash held in the County Treasury for the Mendocino County Employees' Retirement Association.
- The Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for assets held by the RDA Successor Agency.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they become both measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. All other revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. It is the County's policy to submit reimbursement and claim requests for federal and state grant revenues within 30 days of the end of the program cycle and payments are generally received within 90 days. Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County has elected under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles Board or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired.

The County follows the practice of pooling cash and investments which represent deposits, time certificates of deposit, medium term notes, and U.S. Government securities. The securities are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the internal service funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and their equity in the County Treasurer's Investment Pool, to be cash equivalents.

F. Receivables

Receivables consist mostly of amounts due from other agencies. Management believes its receivables are fully collectible and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventories in the Road Fund consist of road supplies, fuel and various consumable items. Inventories in the General Fund consist of office supplies. Inventory recorded by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time the inventory is consumed. Reported inventories of governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that portion of fund balance is not in spendable form.

H. Restricted Assets

The County has \$7,832,322 restricted cash deposited with fiscal agents to meet Certificates of Participation, Pension Obligation Bond and other long-term debt reserve fund requirements.

I. Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien at January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and payable in two installments, December 10 and April 10. All general property taxes are then allocated by the County Auditor's Office to the various taxing entities per the legislation implementing Proposition 13. The method of allocation used by the County is subject to review by the State of California. County property tax revenues are recognized when levied in accordance with the alternative method of property tax allocation (Teeter Plan).

Alternative Method of Distribution of Tax Levies

The County apportions property tax revenue according to the alternative tax treatment (Teeter Plan), whereby all of the current tax levy is distributed to all participating entities. The County then receives delinquent penalties and fees on the entire participating tax roll.

The County maintains 25% of the total delinquent secured taxes for participating entities in the County, as calculated at the end of the fiscal year, in the tax loss reserve fund. The balance in the fund was approximately \$1,262,715 million at year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straightline method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure (except for the maintained pavement subsystem)

Structures and improvements

Equipment

20 to 50 years
10 to 40 years
3 to 10 years

The County has five networks of infrastructure assets – roads, water/sewer, lighting, drainage, and flood control.

K. Deferred Revenue and Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental and enterprise funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

L. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

M. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had a fund balance/net assets deficit as of the fiscal year end:

Fund	 Deficit
Capital Project Funds: Capital Projects	\$ 9,513
Internal Service Funds: Unemployment Insurance	271,019

The deficit equity in the Capital Projects fund is due to costs that exceeded anticipated revenues.

The Internal Service Funds for insurance (unemployment) had a deficit fund equity at fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, as a result of increasing liabilities for unpaid claims as well as the rising costs for insurance in general. Having achieved its goal on a pay-as-you-go basis with each of these accounts, the County intends to continue to aggressively raise the amount of insurance contributions in order to reach actuarial soundness.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County sponsors an investment pool that is managed by the County Treasurer for the purpose of securing and protecting the public funds of the County and other participants. Fund not immediately required for daily operations are invested in an attempt to earn a yield commensurate to current conditions. Cash and investments for most County activities are included in the investment pool. Interest earned on the investment pool is distributed to the participating funds using a formula based on the average daily cash balance of each fund.

The investment pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer.

Cash and investments held by fiscal agents outside of the County's investment pool are restricted as to its use. It consists of funds designated by debt agreements as reserve funds.

The County investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority: safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust.

The Board of Supervisors reviews and approves the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the investment pool participants every quarter. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs and fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2012, total County cash and investments were as follows:

Cash:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,523,668
Imprest cash	10,465
Deposits less outstanding warrants	8,229,546
Cash with fiscal agents	 1,000
Total cash	9,764,679
	_
Investments:	
In Treasurer's pool	182,705,478
With fiscal agents	7,831,322
With fiscal agents, Pension Trust Fund	 340,497,907
Total investments	 531,034,707
Total cash and investments	\$ 540,799,386

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2012, were presented on the County's financial statements as follows:

Primary government	\$ 46,210,314
Investment trust fund	141,268,374
Pension trust fund	342,852,767
Agency funds	9,649,889
Other fiduciary	 818,042
Total cash and investments	\$ 540,799,386

Deposits - Custodial Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure the County's cash deposits by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the County's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the County's total cash deposits.

At June 30, 2012, the carrying value of the County's deposits was \$7,979,522 and the bank balance was \$11,049,718. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is a result of transactions in transit. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remainder was covered by the multiple financial institution collateral pool that insures public deposits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the County's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk. The County annually adopts a "Statement of Investment Policy." The policy is based on criteria established by government code and adds further restrictions as to the types of investments allowed, concentration limits and maximum terms.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
	Matanty	011 01110110	6116 166661
Federal Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills	5 years	None	None
State of California obligations	5 years	None	None
Local Agency bonds and obligations	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	270 days	40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse repurchase agreements	92 days	20%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
California Asset Management Program	N/A	None	None

At June 30, 2012, the difference between the cost and fair values was not material. Therefore, an adjustment to fair value was not made (fair value was 99.80% of carrying value).

At June 30, 2012, the County had the following investments:

					Book/Carrying	WAM
	Interest Rates	Maturities	Par	Fair Value	Value	(Years)
Investment Pool					•	
Federal agency obligations	0.15% - 0.92%	10/2/12 - 9/28/16	\$ 44,188,000	\$ 44,800,803	\$ 45,182,561	1.96
Treasury obligations	0.24% - 0.50%	11/30/13 - 10/31/15	14,325,000	14,402,254	14,410,228	2.36
Medium term notes	0.48% - 2.12%	10/23/12 - 9/15/16	49,041,000	49,604,274	49,575,231	1.45
Commercial paper	0.15% - 0.39%	7/2/12 - 12/5/12	9,882,000	9,875,360	9,875,360	0.24
Negotiable certificate of deposits	0.19% - 1.22%	7/17/12 - 9/12/14	43,600,000	43,601,831	43,606,451	0.81
Bank of New York Mellon Sweep	Variable	On Demand	55,647	55,647	55,647	0.00
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Variable	On Demand	19,000,000	19,000,000	19,000,000	0.00
California Asset Management Program	Variable	On Demand	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.00
			181,091,647	182,340,169	182,705,478	1.27
Investments Outside Investment Pool						
Cash held with fiscal agent						
Commercial paper	0.15% - 0.39%	7/2/12 - 12/5/12	1,957,000	1,950,561	1,957,000	0.24
Money market mutual funds	0.01%	On Demand	5,874,322	5,874,322	5,874,322	0.00
			\$ 7,831,322	\$ 7,824,883	\$ 7,831,322	0.06
Total Investments			\$ 188,922,969	\$ 190,165,052	\$ 190,536,800	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

For information regarding investments held by the Pension Trust refer to the Mendocino County Employees' Retirement Association financial statements which may be obtained by contacting the Retirement office at 625B Kings Court, Ukiah, California, 95482.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities to provide the necessary cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The County monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. The County had invested \$74,594,174 in floating rate securities. These are tied to the one or three month London Interbank Offer Rate (LIBOR) index.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the rating of A1 by Standards & Poor's or P-1 by Moody's Investors Service. State law also limits investments in corporate bonds to the rating of A by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service for a maturity of up to one year and a rating of AA for maturities beyond one year.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2012, the County held 5.16% (\$10,498,134) of its net investment in Federal agency obligations issued by Federal National Mortgage Association. The County did not have 10% or more of its net investment in a single mutual fund. This is in compliance with the investment policy and California Government Code.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk (continued)

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County Investment Pool's carrying value at June 30, 2012.

	005		% of
	S&P	Moody's	<u>Portfolio</u>
Investments In Investment Pool			
Federal agency obligations	Aaa	AA+	20.90%
Federal agency obligations	P-1	A-1+	3.67%
Treasury obligations	Aaa	AA+	7.90%
Medium term notes	A1	A+	3.17%
Medium term notes	A1	AA+	0.54%
Medium term notes	A2	Α	4.77%
Medium term notes	A2	A+	1.11%
Medium term notes	A2	AA-	1.64%
Medium term notes	Aa2	AA-	6.05%
Medium term notes	Aaa	AAA	0.55%
Medium term notes	Aa1	AA	0.58%
Medium term notes	Aa2	AA	0.55%
Medium term notes	Aa2	AA+	0.86%
Medium term notes	Aa3	Α	0.66%
Medium term notes	Aa3	A-	0.55%
Medium term notes	Aa3	A+	2.89%
Medium term notes	Aa3	AA-	3.29%
Commercial paper	P-1	A-1	3.99%
Commercial paper	P-1	A-1+	1.42%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	P-1	A-1	0.55%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Aa1	AA-	1.65%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	P-1	A-1+	0.88%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Aa3	AA-	4.39%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Aa2	NR	2.74%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Unrated	Unrated	13.71%
Bank of New York Mellon Sweep	Unrated	Unrated	0.03%
California Local Agency Investment Fund	Unrated	Unrated	10.42%
California Asset Management Program	Unrated	Unrated	0.55%
•			100.00%

Custodial Credit Risk

For investments and deposits held with fiscal agents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the County's investment pool had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 3: **CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (CONTINUED)

Local Agency Investment Fund

The County Treasurer's Pool maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), an investment pool consisting of funds held by the state in addition to those deposited with LAIF. All PMIA funds are managed by the Investment Division of the State Treasurer's Office. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California Government Code.

Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute.

At June 30, 2012, the County's investment position in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) was \$19 million, which approximates fair value and is the same as the value of the pool shares which is determined on an amortized cost basis. The total amount invested by all public agencies in PMIA on that day was \$60.5 billion. Of that amount, 3.47% was invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities with the remaining 96.53% invested in other non-derivative financial products.

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The County's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information previously provided):

Highly Sensitive Investments	Fair Value
Investments in asset backed securities. These securities are	
based on cash flows for payments on underlying loans.	
Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by borrowers,	
which may result from a decline in interest rates.	\$ 74,594,174

County Investment Pool Condensed Financial Statements

The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the investment pool as of June 30, 2012:

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets held for pool participants	\$ 192,208,665
Equity of internal pool participants Equity of external pool participants	\$ 47,767,389 144,441,276
Total net assets	\$ 192,208,665
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	
Net assets for pool participants at July 1, 2011 Net change in investments by pool participants	\$ 151,895,038 40,313,627
Net assets at June 30, 2012	\$ 192,208,665

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 4: **ENDOWMENTS**

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the net appreciation on investments of donor-restricted endowments was \$6,175. Under local ordinances and State statutes, the County is authorized based on a total-return policy to spend the appreciation on the supplies and maintenance of the community libraries and museums.

NOTE 5: SHORT-TERM NOTE PAYABLE

On July 2, 2011, the County issued a \$25,000,000 tax and revenue anticipation note to manage the temporary cash flow deficits that occur when the timing of required expenditures does not coincide with the timing of the collection of taxes and other revenues. The note was issued in anticipation of collection of taxes and other revenues to be received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and was repaid with taxes and other revenues by June 29, 2012. The County incurred and paid interest of approximately \$469,000.

Short-term note payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balar	nce			Bal	ance
	July 1, 2011		Additions	Retirements	June 3	30, 2012
Short-term note payable	\$		\$ 25,000,000	\$ 25,000,000	\$	

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Due from/to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Internal Service Funds	Pension Obligation Fund Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 522,231 23,750 1,812,379
	•	\$ 2,358,360

The above balances reflect temporary cash advances.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 6: **INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS** (CONTINUED)

Transfers:

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various County operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund Road Fund Pension Obligation Fund Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 2,495,560 3,271,185 6,220,632 499,956 1,223,222 13,710,555
Mental Health Services Fund	General Fund Pension Obligation Fund	189,533 274,604 464,137
Road Fund	General Fund Pension Obligation Fund	121,456 363,606 485,062
Internal Service Funds	General Fund Pension Obligation Fund	235,321 37,975 273,296
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Road Pension Obligation Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	111,963 50,800 260,270 30,000 453,033 \$ 15,386,083

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 7: **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2011		Additions		Retirements_		ransfers & djustments	J	Balance une 30, 2012
Governmental Activities										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Φ.	0.000.000	Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ	0.000.000
Land Construction in progress	\$	3,002,620 3,851,113	\$	1,923,534	\$		\$	(722,487)	\$	3,002,620 5,052,160
Construction in progress		3,031,113		1,923,334	_			(122,401)		3,032,100
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	6,853,733		1,923,534				(722,487)		8,054,780
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Infrastructure		73,040,697		1,122,205				722,487		74,885,389
Structures and improvements		69,819,764		1,279,603						71,099,367
Equipment		27,442,546		1,081,002		(917,481)				27,606,067
Improvements other than buildings	_	5,657,836			_					5,657,836
Total capital assets, being depreciated		175,960,843		3,482,810	_	(917,481)	_	722,487		179,248,659
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		(28,513,510)		(2,120,758)						(30,634,268)
Structures and improvements		(30,803,141)		(1,905,905)						(32,709,046)
Equipment		(20,233,644)		(1,334,663)		917,481				(20,650,826)
Improvements other than buildings	_	(2,957,252)		(212,006)						(3,169,258)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(82,507,547)		(5,573,332)	_	917,481				(87,163,398)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	93,453,296		(2,090,522)	_			722,487		92,085,261
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	100,307,029	\$	(166,988)	\$		\$		\$	100,140,041

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 871,649
Public protection	1,296,458
Public ways and facilities	2,662,482
Health and sanitation	349,201
Public assistance	291,830
Education	71,984
Recreation and culture	12,996
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the asset	16,732
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Functions	\$ 5,573,332

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Individual issues of loans, bonds and certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Governmental Activities Type of Indebtedness (Purpose)	Maturity	Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at June 30, 2012
Loans Payable Microwave Radio Network equipment Ioan California Energy Commission Loan - 2004 Total Loans Payable	8/1/2013 12/22/05-12/22/16	4.30% 3.95%	\$210,945-\$288,591 \$3,000-\$14,000	\$ 2,600,000 250,000 \$ 2,850,000	\$ 847,677 88,624 \$ 936,301
Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds 2002 Series (Issued to partially refund the 1996 Series and to meet the net pension obligation of the County's retirement plan) Total Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	7/1/04-7/1/26	2.07%-5.77%	\$885,000-\$7,560,000	\$ 91,945,000 \$ 91,945,000	\$ 79,575,000 \$ 79,575,000
Refunding Certificates of Participation 2012 Series (Issued to refund 2002 and 2000 Series COPs) Total Certificates of Participation	7/15/2012 - 7/15/2030	1.00% - 4.30%	\$975,000 - \$1,830,000	\$ 25,810,000 \$ 25,810,000	\$ 24,505,000 \$ 24,505,000

A. Summary of Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2012:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within One Year
Certificates of participation	\$ 24,130,000	\$	\$ (24,130,000)	\$	\$
Refunding certificates of participation	· · · · ·	25,810,000	(1,305,000)	24,505,000	975,000
Bonds payable	82,980,000		(3,405,000)	79,575,000	3,575,000
Loans payable	1,495,262		(558,961)	936,301	583,183
Capital leases	96,465		(96,465)		
Compensated absences	4,841,445		(425,918)	4,415,527	4,415,527
Liability for self-insurance	2,904,231	14,588,535	(14,180,025)	3,312,741	3,312,741
Landfill postclosure costs	9,103,183	4,593,717		13,696,900	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 125,550,586	\$ 44,992,252	\$ (44,101,369)	\$ 126,441,469	\$ 12,861,451

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A. Summary of Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

As of June 30, 2012, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

			Governmenta	al Activities			
Year Ending	Certifications of	of Participation	Bonds	Payable	Loans Payable		
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2013	975,000	897,184	3,575,000	4,334,699	583,183	33,769	
2014	985,000	877,686	3,755,000	4,151,449	313,647	8,509	
2015	1,020,000	848,136	3,940,000	3,948,830	26,056	1,305	
2016	1,045,000	817,534	4,155,000	3,725,408	13,415	266	
2017	1,085,000	786,184	4,385,000	3,489,704			
2018-2022	5,965,000	3,373,052	25,850,000	13,429,270			
2023-2027	8,160,000	2,083,112	33,915,000	5,102,199			
2028-2032	5,270,000	452,574					
	\$24,505,000	\$ 10,135,462	\$79,575,000	\$ 38,181,559	\$ 936,301	\$ 43,849	

A. Summary of Long-Term Liabilities

Claims and judgments will be paid from the County's risk management internal service funds. A majority of the claims are paid through internal service fund charges to the general fund and special revenue funds. Compensated absences liabilities will be paid by several of the County's funds, including the general fund, special revenue funds, and other internal service funds.

Refunding Certificates of Participation

On May 10, 2012, the County issued \$25,810,000 of refunded certificates of participation to refund its 2000 and 2001 series certificates of participation. The new certificates of participation bear fixed interest rates ranging from 1.0% to 4.3% and are due in semi-annual installments on June 1 and December 1 of each year through 2030. The new issue will reduce total debt service payments for the County by a total of \$1,961,420 with a present value economic gain of \$1,407,623.

Debt Service Forward Agreement

In December 2002, the County entered into a debt service forward agreement with the fiscal agent related to the 2002 Bonds. The County received \$4,811,500 in advance for interest to be earned on the required reserves deposited with the fiscal agent over the life of the bonds. The amount, which previously was recognized by the General Fund as other revenue in the fund statements, is currently being recognized as deferred revenue to be amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide statement of net assets. At fiscal year end, the amount of unamortized interest was \$2,928,736.

B. Leases

Operating Leases

The County has signed several operating leases, primarily for office buildings. Terms of the leases are month-tomonth or contain early termination clauses. Because of this, the County does not have a definite noncancelable commitment from the various leases.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

C. Compensated Absences

Vacation – employees accrue vacation at varying rates depending on the length of an employee's service. Upon termination unused vacation, up to accrual limits, is paid off in cash. Sick leave – all employees accrue sick leave at the rate of 15 days per year. Sick leave may be accrued without limit. Upon termination, unused sick leave will be applied toward length of service for retirement credit. Holidays must be taken within the calendar year and are not accruable. The County records the gross vacation liability. At fiscal year end, the total liability for compensated absences was \$4,415,527. The entire amount was considered current, based on experience.

NOTE 9: MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal law and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfills stop accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$13,696,900 reported as landfill closure/postclosure liability at June 30, 2012, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of various percents of the estimated capacity of the landfills. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2012. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The following information pertains to the various landfills in the County:

Location	Ownership of Landfill	Percent Filled	Expected Closure Date	Estimated Liability at June 30, 2012
Caspar Landfill	Mendocino County/			
Caspar Landilli	City of Fort Bragg	100%	Closed	\$ 2.643.222
South Coast Landfill	Mendocino County	100%	2034	7,015,275
Laytonville Landfill	Mendocino County	100%	Closed	4,038,403
				\$ 13,696,900

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and, at June 30, 2012, investments of \$2,944,871 are held for these purposes. The County intends to obtain either a grant or issue debt to fund the closure costs. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the County modified the remaining time period relating to the post-closure monitoring liability. This change increased the liability by \$2,662,421 during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 10: **NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES**

Net Assets

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category groups all capital assets, including
 infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of
 debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance
 in this category.
- Restricted Net Assets This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Assets This category represents net assets of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balances for governmental funds consist of the following categories:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as inventories or prepaid amounts).
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external parties (such as creditors, grant providers, or contributors) or by law.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action. The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period. The amount which will be subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.
- Assigned Fund Balance is comprised of amounts intended to be used by the government entity for specific
 purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Supervisors or
 by an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority. Assigned fund balance can be used to
 eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purposes.

In circumstances where an expenditures is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 10: **NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCES** (continued)

The following is a summary of fund balances at June 30, 2012:

		General Fund		Debt Service		Pension Obligation Bonds		Mental Health Services	Road Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:													
Prepaids and inventory	\$	101,768	\$		\$		\$		\$ 596,827	\$		\$	698,595
Total Nonspendable		101,768	_		_		_		596,827				698,595
Restricted for:													
Road Projects									3,621,273				3,621,273
Mental Health								2,268,614					2,268,614
Special Districts											1,364,819		1,364,819
Various Grant Programs											1,182,333		1,182,333
Debt Service				2,022,397		5,278,100			 		1,077,904		8,378,401
Total Restricted	_			2,022,397	_	5,278,100	_	2,268,614	3,621,273		3,625,056		16,815,440
Assigned:													
Contracted Services		221,556			_		_					_	221,556
Unassigned		12,146,891			_		_		 		(9,513)		12,137,378
Total Fund Balance	\$	12,470,215	\$	2,022,397	\$	5,278,100	\$	2,268,614	\$ 4,218,100	\$	3,615,543	\$	29,872,969

NOTE 11: COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN)

Plan Description

The Mendocino County Employees' Retirement Association is a multiple employer defined benefit pension plan serving the employees of the County of Mendocino and two special districts. The Association was established under the County Employees Retirement Act of 1937, as amended. The plan is totally controlled and governed by a nine-member retirement board and is available to essentially all full-time employees of the County and certain special districts. Members of the board are appointed as follows: four members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors, two members are elected by general county employees, one member is elected by safety county employees, two members are elected by county retirees, one alternate, and one member is the County Treasurer who is an ex-officio board member and administrator of the retirement system.

Funding Policy

Employees of the County and the special districts contribute to the plan. County contributions for the plan's year ended June 30, 2012, were \$11,811,076; contributions by the employees of the County, special districts, and the Courts were \$4,840,275.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 11: COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

Annual Pension Cost

The Retirement Association uses an entry age normal method with a supplemental present value for its actuarial computations. Significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the standardized measure of the pension benefit obligations are a) a rate of return on current and future investments of 8.0 percent compounded annually, b) projected salary increases of 0.00 percent per year attributable to merit/longevity, and c) additional projected salary increases of 4.00 percent per year attributable to inflation.

A complete financial statement of the Association is available at the Retirement Office of the County of Mendocino, and is also posted at www.co.mendocino.ca.us/retirement/reports.htm.

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid pension asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, for the year ended June 30, 2012, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual required contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 11,811
Interest on beginning pension asset	(4,555)
Adjustment to the annual required contribution	11,389
Annual pension cost	18,645
Contributions made	11,811
Increase (decrease) in pension asset	(6,834)
Net pension asset, beginning of year	 56,945
Net pension asset, end of year	\$ 50,111

The following table shows the County's annual pension cost and the percentage contributed for the fiscal year 2011-2012 and each of the two preceding fiscal years (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Annual Pension ost (APC)	Cor	ntributions	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Asset
2010 2011 2012	\$	13,811 14,958 18,645	\$	8,710 9,554 11,811	63% 64% 63%	\$ 62,348 56,945 50,111

The difference between the annual required contribution (ARC) and the APC is due to the amortization of the Net Pension Asset.

The following is the funded status information for the plan as of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date (dollar amounts in thousands):

 Entry Age Normal Accrued Liability	Actuarial Value of Assets	_	Infunded/ verfunded) Liability	Funded Ratio	(Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll	_
\$ 489,014	\$ 362,487	\$	126,527	74.1%	\$	56,596	223.6%	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 11: COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN (DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN) (CONTINUED)

Annual Pension Cost (continued)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 12: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Mendocino County Employees Retirement Health Plan is a defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County. The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees.

Eligible retirees consist of employees hired before September 1998 who retire from active employment with the County and meet the following requirements for lifetime coverage under the Mendocino County Employees Retirement Health Plan: 1) has 10 or more years of service with Mendocino County; 2) is at least 50 on the date of retirement; and 3) makes the required contributions (if any) for retiree coverage as required by the Plan Administrator. A contribution of \$819 per month is required for dependent coverage. A payment reserve of \$288 for each non-medicare eligible retiree and \$104 for each medicare eligible retiree is set aside each month for health care costs.

In August 2010, the County implemented substantial changes to Retiree Health Insurance that limit the County's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability. Medicare eligible retirees were transitioned from the County's plan and provided with a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) of \$104 per month, intended to assist the retiree in offsetting the cost of a Medicare supplemental policy. The HRA contribution will continue until funds from the retiree health reserves are depleted, estimated to be sometime during 2011/12.

In January 2009, non-Medicare eligible retirees were required to pay a premium if they chose to remain in the plan. The premium was increased in January 2010, then subsidized by a \$200 per month contribution from the retiree health reserves in August 2010. This subsidy will continue until the reserves are depleted. Retiree dependent coverage is available at the full premium cost. From January 2011 through December 2011, the subsidized amount was increased to a \$288 per month contribution from the retiree healthcare reserve.

Once the retiree health reserve is depleted, retirees will bear the full cost of their health coverage, whether through a Medicare supplemental program or the County's retiree plan. Should the County receive funding from Health Care Reform, those funds will be applied to the retiree health program for non-medicare eligible retirees only.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County. The contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements and is determined based on historical and estimated costs and is paid annually. For fiscal year 2011-12, the County contributed \$1,534,446 to the Retiree Health Plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 12: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy (continued)

The annual required contribution (ARC) is an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension.* The County elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No. 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The County's ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost until the anticipated ending of the plan. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan (dollar amount in thousands):

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,681
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,681
Contributions made	(1,534)
Change in liability estimate	1,748
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,895
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	159
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 2,054

The County's Annual OPEB Cost, the percentage of Annual OPEB Cost contributed to the Plan (as described in the funding policy above), and the Net OPEB Obligation for fiscal years 2009-10 through 2011-12 is as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Contributions	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/10 ¹ 6/30/11 6/30/12	Not available 903 1,681	744 1,534	82.40% 91.26%	159 2,054

¹ An actuarial was not prepared for June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2012.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

There are many lawsuits pending in which the County is involved. Some of the lawsuits have been filed solely against the County, while in others, the County is one of a group of defendants. County Counsel had indicated that probable potential claims against the County are \$50,000 to \$100,000, while possible potential claims against the County range in the area of \$1,000,000. The general liability self-insurance program would cover probable claims losses for which adequate reserves have been maintained.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 13: **CONTINGENCIES** (CONTINUED)

B. Grants

The County participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the County may be required to reimburse the grantor government. The County has received notice of audit findings related to its state-funded mental health program that call into question approximately \$1,000,000 of expenditures from the 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 fiscal years. However, the County is actively disputing this amount and the outcome is uncertain. As of June 30, 2012, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited, but the County believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the County.

C. Teeter Obligation

At the time Mendocino County opted into the Teeter Plan, the property tax delinquency amounted to \$5.4 million. This amount was paid to all taxing jurisdictions with funds borrowed from the County Treasury. The payments on this note were to be made from collections of the delinquent taxes, along with penalties and interest thereon. Instead, a portion of the delinquent tax revenues were applied to the County's general fund, with periodic payments made when funds were available. This practice caused the balance owing on the Teeter obligation to increase over the years with the addition of each year's tax delinquency, although the interest on the balance has been paid annually. To reflect the Teeter obligation of the County in the financial statements in prior years, the County reported an advance between the General Fund and the Tax Resources Fund equal to the net balance of deficit cash in the Teeter Funds less the receivable for tax delinquencies.

In recent years, the County has attempted to make accelerated payments on the Teeter obligation causing the receivable for tax delinquencies to exceed the net balance of deficit cash in the Teeter funds as shown below, thus, eliminating the advance between the General Fund and the Tax Resources Fund.

	June 30, 2012
Negative cash in tax resources fund	\$ (8,401,293)
Less: Positive cash in tax loss reserve fund Receivable: Secured taxes Receivable: Penalties and interest	1,262,715 11,607,112 1,326,468
Excess receivables over net cash deficit	\$ 5,795,002

The County has determined (1) the net deficit cash of \$7,138,578 reported in the Teeter Funds (Teeter obligation) at June 30, 2012 is currently an obligation of the property owners and not of the General Fund based on the property taxes receivable balance of \$12,933,580 reported in the Agency Funds and 2) the County did not formally adopt a note of repayment for the balance of the Teeter obligation at June 30, 2012 though the County continues to annually appropriate funds in excess of the tax delinquencies collected to pay down the Teeter obligation.

In an effort to reduce the teeter obligation, the County has adopted a budget unit within the General Fund to budget for accelerated payments on the Teeter obligation each year. During the year ended June 30, 2012, the County paid \$2,097,648 over tax delinquencies collected from the General Fund to the Tax Resources Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 13: **CONTINGENCIES** (CONTINUED)

C. **Teeter Obligation** (continued)

The County's tentative payment schedule for the next 5 years, with each individual payment pending annual approval by the Board of Supervisors, is as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	Principal
2013	\$ 769,205
2014	769,205
2015	769,205
2016	769,205
2017	769,205
	\$ 3,846,025

NOTE 14: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has four risk management funds (Internal Service Funds) to administer the County's insurance programs that are fully self-insured, partially self-insured or fully funded. Fund revenues are primarily premium charges to other departments and funds, and are planned to equal estimated expenses resulting from the self-insurance programs including claims expenses, liability insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured retention amounts, and other operating expenses. Liability for unpaid claims is subject to change due to future reestimations of claims by program administrators, inflation, and changes in laws and regulations. The primary activities of the funds consist of risk management programs related to the following:

A. Unemployment Insurance

The County is fully self-insured for this program. The estimated claims liability at fiscal year end was \$609,515.

B. General Liability Insurance

The County maintains a self-insured retention (SIR) of \$200,000 per occurrence for this program. Losses which exceed the SIR are covered by excess insurance obtained through CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority. This program is the only insurance program administered without the benefit of a third party administrator.

The administration of this program is a joint effort between the Risk Management Division and the Office of the County Counsel. The liability for unpaid claims was based on actual outstanding claims at June 30, 2012, plus an amount for "incurred but not reported claims." The liability is based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims within the program's self-insured retention. The liability of \$465,557 includes incurred but not reported claims.

C. Workers' Compensation

The County elected to become fully insured through CSAC-Excess Insurance Authority on July 1, 1997.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 14: **RISK MANAGEMENT** (CONTINUED)

D. Health Insurance

The County is fully self-insured and administers the program. The County has hired Keenan Associates as a health plan consultant/actuary to review the health plan on an annual basis, and determine by how much County and employee share in premiums should be increased. The estimated claims liability at fiscal year end was \$2.237.669.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for the past two years were:

	Unemployment Insurance		General Liability	Health Insurance	Total
Claims liability, July 1, 2010 Current year claims and changes	\$	764,567	\$ 488,927	\$ 1,481,045	\$ 2,734,539
in estimates		422,600	358,827	10,438,821	11,220,248
Claims payments		(448,130)	(249,207)	(10,353,219)	(11,050,556)
Claims liability, June 30, 2011	\$	739,037	\$ 598,547	\$ 1,566,647	\$ 2,904,231
Claims liability, July 1, 2011 Current year claims and changes	\$	739,037	\$ 598,547	\$ 1,566,647	\$ 2,904,231
in estimates		307,735	(10,208)	14,291,008	14,588,535
Claims payments		(437,257)	(122,782)	(13,619,986)	(14,180,025)
Claims liability, June 30, 2012	\$	609,515	\$ 465,557	\$ 2,237,669	\$ 3,312,741

NOTE 15: **EXTRAORDINARY ITEM**

Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 (Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the County that previously had reported a redevelopment agency blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the County or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the County Board of Supervisors elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) in accordance with the Bill as part of County resolution number 12-006.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 15: **EXTRAORDINARY ITEM** (CONTINUED)

Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (continued)

The Bill directs the State Controller to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011), all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the RDA are reported in the governmental funds of the County. After the date of dissolution, as allowed under Section 34176(a) of the Bill, the County elected not to retain the housing assets and functions previously performed by the former RDA. Those assets and functions have been transferred to the Community Development Commission of the County of Mendocino. The remaining assets, liabilities, and activities of the dissolved RDA, are reported in the Successor Agency fiduciary fund (private purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the County.

The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former RDA as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the County to fiduciary funds was reported as an extraordinary loss in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund financial statements as an extraordinary gain.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 12, 2012, the County issued a \$17 million tax and revenue anticipation note. The funds were budgeted for operations. The note is due and payable June 28, 2013, and carries a 2.0% interest rate.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



THIS PAGE INTENTIO	NALLY LEFT BLANK	

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - RETIREMENT PLAN

The table below shows a three-year analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll as of June 30 (in thousands):

Valuation Date	Α	ntry Age Actuarial Accrued <u>pility (AAL)</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets	(O\	nfunded/ /erfunded) ility (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	C	Annual covered Payroll ⁽¹⁾	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/10 6/30/11 6/30/12	\$	434,987 472,644 489,014	\$ 343,202 347,732 362,487	\$	91,785 124,912 126,527	78.9% 73.6% 74.1%	\$	69,004 64,144 56,596	133.0% 194.7% 223.6%

Plan members include the County of Mendocino, the Mendocino County Courts and the Russian River Cemetery District.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH PLAN

The table below shows an analysis of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll as of June 30 (in thousands):

Valuation Date	A	intry Age Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded/ (Overfunded) ability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
7/01/07 7/01/09 ¹	\$,	129,377 lot available	\$ 	\$ 129,377	0.00%	\$ 25,261	512.2%
7/01/03	,	797		797	0.00%	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Actuarial was not prepared for June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2012.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 59,892,172	\$ 59,892,172	\$ 60,982,676	\$ 1,090,504
Licenses and permits	2,522,982	2,522,982	2,378,594	(144,388)
Fines, forfeits and penalties	2,320,338	2,651,528	2,052,897	(598,631)
Revenue from use of money and property	419,826	419,826	697,282	277,456
Intergovernmental	73,746,642	74,257,979	65,080,570	(9,177,409)
Charges for services	10,613,808	10,691,507	9,912,808	(778,699)
Other revenue	1,285,962	1,285,962	1,797,710	511,748
Total Revenues	150,801,730	151,721,956	142,902,537	(8,819,419)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	14,944,499	15,035,878	13,926,043	1,109,835
Public protection	45,610,819	46,087,403	44,406,019	1,681,384
Public way and facilities	290,613	291,679	(125,722)	417,401
Health and sanitation	12,745,898	12,765,093	10,165,430	2,599,663
Public assistance	63,788,046	63,788,046	52,110,786	11,677,260
Education	235,750	235,750	210,361	25,389
Recreation and cultural services	235,248	235,248	234,472	776
Debt service - principal	6,883,870	6,883,870	6,128,924	754,946
Debt service - interest	583,523	583,523	571,206	12,317
Capital outlay	365,777	958,122	530,312	427,810
Total Expenditures	145,684,043	146,864,612	128,157,831	18,706,781
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	5,117,687	4,857,344	14,744,706	9,887,362
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	964,995	996,995	599,967	(397,028)
Transfers out	(7,393,593)	(7,393,593)	(8,136,289)	(742,696)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,428,598)	(6,396,598)	(7,536,322)	(1,139,724)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,310,911)	(1,539,254)	7,208,384	8,747,638
Budgetary Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	911,013	911,013	911,013	
Budgetary Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ (399,898)	\$ (628,241)	\$ 8,119,397	\$ 8,747,638

continued

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued)
General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Reconciliation to the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance

Total revenues from the budgetary comparison schedule:	\$ 142,902,537
Revenues from funds combined with the General Fund, previously reported as special revenue funds prior to implementation of GASB 54	1,021,635
The County budgets transfers to the Tax Resources Fund as a debt service expenditure, but reports a portion of the disbursement as a reduction of the taxes revenue.	(6,128,924)
Total revenues from the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - General Fund	\$ 137,795,248
Total expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedule:	\$ 128,157,831
The County budgets transfers to the Pension Obligation Fund as functional expenditures.	(6,220,632)
Expenditures from funds combined with the General Fund, previously reported as special revenue funds prior to implementation of GASB 54	1,938,057
The County budgets transfers to the Tax Resources Fund as a debt service expenditure, but reports the disbursement as a reduction of taxes revenue.	(6,128,924)
Total expenditures from the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - General Fund	<u>\$ 117,746,332</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Mental Health Services Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ (80,000)	\$ (80,000)	\$ 1,497	\$ 81,497
Intergovernmental	20,442,072	20,442,072	16,262,758	(4,179,314)
Charges for services	1,185,100	1,185,100	1,098,430	(86,670)
Other revenues	72,000	72,000	64,397	(7,603)
Total Revenues	21,619,172	21,619,172	17,427,082	(4,192,090)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Health and sanitation	20,791,459	20,791,458	16,005,950	4,785,508
Total Expenditures	20,791,459	20,791,458	16,005,950	4,785,508
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	827,713	827,714	1,421,132	593,418
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	1,837,820	1,837,820		(1,837,820)
Transfers out	(2,424,890)	(2,424,890)	(464,137)	1,960,753
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(587,070)	(587,070)	(464,137)	122,933
Net Change in Fund Balances	240,643	240,644	956,995	716,351
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,311,619	1,311,619	1,311,619	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,552,262	\$ 1,552,263	\$ 2,268,614	\$ 716,351

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 95,000	\$ 95,000	\$ 35,397	(59,603)
Licenses, permits and franchises	49,900	49,900	56,724	6,824
Revenue from use of money and property	12,000	12,000	28,688	16,688
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	66,200	66,200	54,750	(11,450)
Intergovernmental	13,268,004	13,268,004	8,487,049	(4,780,955)
Charges for services	162,311	162,311	217,640	55,329
Other revenues	53,365	53,365	46,613	(6,752)
Total Revenues	13,706,780	13,706,780	8,926,861	(4,779,919)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public ways and facilities	10,489,391	10,555,195	9,745,457	809,738
Capital Outlay	9,679,055	9,823,877	4,197,558	5,626,319
Total Expenditures	20,168,446	20,379,072	13,943,015	6,436,057
Evenes (Definions)) of Devenues Over				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(0, 404, 000)	(0.070.000)	(F 04C 4F4)	4 050 400
(Under) Expenditures	(6,461,666)	(6,672,292)	(5,016,154)	1,656,138
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	3,295,000	3,295,000	3,321,985	26,985
Transfers out	(117,000)	(117,000)	(485,062)	(368,062)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,178,000	3,178,000	2,836,923	(341,077)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,283,666)	(3,494,292)	(2,179,231)	1,315,061
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	6,397,331	6,397,331	6,397,331	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 3,113,665	\$ 2,903,039	\$ 4,218,100	\$ 1,315,061

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 and 29143, inclusive, of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final budget for each fiscal year on or before August 30. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. This ordinance mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the County's Board of Supervisors.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds. Expenditures are controlled at the object level within budget units for the County. The object level within a budget unit is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Any amendments or transfers of appropriations between object levels within the same budget unit or between departments or funds are authorized by the County Manager's office and must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Supplementary appropriations normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Pursuant to Board Resolution, the County Manager is authorized to approve transfers and revision of appropriations under \$50,000 within a single budget unit as deemed necessary and appropriate. Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and is amended during the fiscal year by resolutions approved by the Board of Supervisors.

The County uses an encumbrances system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for the general, special revenue, and other debt service funds and to assist in controlling expenditures of the capital projects funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

The budget approved by the Board of Supervisors for the General Fund includes budgeted expenditures and reimbursements for amounts disbursed on behalf of other governmental funds. Actual reimbursements for these items have been eliminated in the accompanying budgetary financial schedules. Accordingly, the related budgets for these items have also been eliminated in order to provide a meaningful comparison of actual and budgeted results of operations.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2012, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following budget units:

Fund	Budget Unit	of Expenditures Appropriations
Miscellaneous Grants General Fund	Recovery Act Rural Law Nondepartmental Revenue Sheriff	\$ 384,488 553,179 1,159,209





Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue								
<u>Assets</u>		Library	<u> </u>	Fish and Game		Special Aviation		oplemental Law forcement	
Cash and investments in County Treasury Imprest Cash Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other governmental agencies Total Assets	\$	149,966 180 1,998 210,000 134,000 496,144	\$	87,543 87,543	\$	130,060 130,060	\$	96,382 96,382	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total Liabilities	\$	39,271 24,254 63,525	\$	 	\$	 	\$	812 2,380 3,192	
Fund Balance Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u> </u>	432,619 432,619		87,543 87,543	<u> </u>	130,060		93,190	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	496,144	\$	87,543	Ф	130,060	Φ	96,382	

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue							
				Sheriff				
	COPS Special				Reorder			
		AB 1913	F	Projects	Мо	dernization	Micrographics	
Assets								<u> </u>
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$	119,660	\$	66,490	\$	86,180	\$	5,403
Imprest Cash								
Accounts receivable						346		90
Taxes receivable								
Due from other governmental agencies		64,917						
Total Assets	\$	184,577	\$	66,490	\$	86,526	\$	5,493
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	45	\$	445
Accrued salaries and benefits								1,984
Due to other funds								
Deferred revenue								
Total Liabilities						45		2,429
Fund Balance								
Restricted		184,577		66,490		86,481		3,064
Unassigned		, 		,		, 		,
Total Fund Balances		184,577		66,490		86,481		3,064
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	184,577	\$	66,490	\$	86,526	\$	5,493

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue							
			Special	Special			Total	
	Miscellaneous		Districts		Districts	Special		
		Grants	Lighting		Other		Revenue	
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$		\$279,794	\$	1,051,106	\$	2,072,584	
Imprest Cash					600		780	
Accounts receivable		166			200		2,800	
Taxes receivable							210,000	
Due from other governmental agencies		2,327,937			50,670		2,577,524	
Total Assets	\$	2,328,103	\$279,794	\$	1,102,576	\$	4,863,688	
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	172,126	\$	\$	2,390	\$	215,089	
Accrued salaries and benefits		34,957			15,161		78,736	
Due to other funds		1,802,866					1,802,866	
Deferred revenue		219,845					219,845	
Total Liabilities		2,229,794			17,551		2,316,536	
Fund Balance								
Restricted		98,309	279,794		1,085,025		2,547,152	
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances		98,309	279,794		1,085,025		2,547,152	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,328,103	\$ 279,794	\$	1,102,576	\$	4,863,688	

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Capital Projects		Debt Service		Permanent Fund	
		apital ojects	Redevel Age	•	Endowment Funds	Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$		\$		\$ 1,077,904	\$ 3,150,488
Imprest Cash						780
Accounts receivable						2,800
Taxes receivable						210,000
Due from other governmental agencies						2,577,524
Total Assets	\$		\$		\$ 1,077,904	\$ 5,941,592
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	\$ 215,089
Accrued salaries and benefits						78,736
Due to other funds		9,513				1,812,379
Deferred revenue						219,845
Total Liabilities		9,513				2,326,049
Fund Balance						
Restricted					1,077,904	3,625,056
Unassigned		(9,513)			, - , - ,	(9,513)
Total Fund Balances		(9,513)			1,077,904	3,615,543
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$		\$ 1,077,904	\$ 5,941,592

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Specia	l Revenue		
Devenues	Fish and Special Library Game Aviation		•	Supplemental Law Enforcement	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 271,561	\$	\$	\$	
Licenses, permits and franchises					
Aid from other governmental agencies	291,514		20,000	143,831	
Revenue from use of money and property Fines, forfeitures and penalties	2,786	483 32,436		461	
Charges for services	36,110	32,430			
Other revenue	6,561				
Total Revenues	608,532	32,919	20,000	144,292	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government					
Public protection		31,269		89,943	
Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation					
Public assistance					
Education	1,361,449				
Recreation and culture services					
Capital outlay	207,572			20,125	
Total Expenditures	1,569,021	31,269		110,068	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(960,489)	1,650	20,000	34,224	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	1,228,222				
Transfers out	(142,011)		(29,942)	(9,564)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,086,211		(29,942)	(9,564)	
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution					
Net Change in Fund Balances	125,722	1,650	(9,942)	24,660	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	306,897	85,893	140,002	68,530	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 432,619	\$ 87,543	\$ 130,060	\$ 93,190	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Specia	Revei	nue		
			Sheriff				
		COPS	Special	Re	ecorder		
	/	AB 1913	 Projects	Mod	ernization	Micrographics	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
Licenses, permits and franchises							
Aid from other governmental agencies		262,249					
Revenue from use of money and property		850	372		517		(90)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties							
Charges for services			1,038		40,614		56,945
Other revenue			 49,187				20,517
Total Revenues		263,099	 50,597		41,131		77,372
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government					35,510		70,764
Public protection		190,877	47,037				
Public ways and facilities							
Health and sanitation							
Public assistance							
Education							
Recreation and culture services							
Capital outlay							
Total Expenditures		190,877	 47,037		35,510		70,764
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		72,222	 3,560		5,621		6,608
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out		(17,287)					(3,998)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(17,287)	 				(3,998)
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution			 				
Net Change in Fund Balances		54,935	3,560		5,621		2,610
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		129,642	 62,930		80,860		454
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	184,577	\$ 66,490	\$	86,481	\$	3,064

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Special	Revenue	
		Special	Special	Total
	Miscellaneous	Districts	Districts	Special
	Grants	Lighting	Other	Revenue
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	\$ 66,343	\$ 127,363	\$ 465,267
Licenses, permits and franchises			287,469	287,469
Aid from other governmental agencies	6,067,439	1,629	654,862	7,441,524
Revenue from use of money and property		10	5,875	11,264
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	130,876		50,683	213,995
Charges for services			106,784	241,491
Other revenue	19,516		2,484	98,265
Total Revenues	6,217,831	67,982	1,235,520	8,759,275
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government				106,274
Public protection	1,456,441		62,737	1,878,304
Public ways and facilities		41,502		41,502
Health and sanitation	1,944,857		727,159	2,672,016
Public assistance	2,357,294			2,357,294
Education	2,001,201			1,361,449
Recreation and culture services	3,727			3,727
Capital outlay	37,158		54,367	319,222
Total Expenditures	5,799,477	41,502	844,263	8,739,788
Total Expolatatoo	0,700,777	11,002	011,200	0,700,700
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	418,354	26,480	391,257	19,487
Over (Orider) Experiancies	410,004	20,400	001,207	10,401
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	25,000			1,253,222
Transfers out	(130,224)		(120,007)	(453,033)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(105,224)		(120,007)	800,189
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	(103,224)		(120,007)	000,103
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution				
Extraordinary item - NDA dissolution				
Net Change in Fund Balances	313,130	26,480	271,250	819,676
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(214,821)	253,314	813,775	1,727,476
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 98,309	\$ 279,794	\$ 1,085,025	\$ 2,547,152

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Permanent Fund	
	Capital Projects	Redevelopment Agency	Endowment Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	\$ 605,324	\$	\$ 1,070,591
Licenses, permits and franchises				287,469
Aid from other governmental agencies	180,085			7,621,609
Revenue from use of money and property	(510)	3,068	6,175	19,997
Fines, forfeitures and penalties				213,995
Charges for services				241,491
Other revenue			2,000	100,265
Total Revenues	179,575	608,392	8,175	9,555,417
Expenditures: Current:				
General government		36,358		142,632
Public protection		·		1,878,304
Public ways and facilities				41,502
Health and sanitation				2,672,016
Public assistance				2,357,294
Education				1,361,449
Recreation and culture services				3,727
Capital outlay				319,222
Total Expenditures		36,358		8,776,146
- (D.C.) (D				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	470 575	570.004	0.475	770 074
Over (Under) Expenditures	179,575	572,034	8,175	779,271
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in				1,253,222
Transfers out				(453,033)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				800,189
Extraordinary Item - RDA dissolution		(1,405,328)		(1,405,328)
Net Change in Fund Balances	179,575	(833,294)	8,175	174,132
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(189,088)	833,294	1,069,729	3,441,411
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ (9,513)	\$	\$ 1,077,904	\$ 3,615,543

Combining Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2012

	Software Acquisition		Vehicle Replacement		Unemployment Insurance		General Liability Insurance
<u>Assets</u>							
Current Assets:							
Pooled cash and investments in county treasury	\$	288,229	\$	82,959	\$	338,496	\$ 2,267,532
Other cash							
Accounts receivable							
Due from other governments							
Due from other funds							
Total Current Assets		288,229		82,959		338,496	2,267,532
Total Assets		288,229		82,959		338,496	2,267,532
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable							23,053
Accrued salaries and benefits							4,099
Due to other funds							
Compensated absences payable							6,091
Liability for unpaid claims						609,515	465,557
Total current liabilities						609,515	498,800
Total Liabilities						609,515	498,800
			1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net Assets							
Unrestricted		288,229		82,959		(271,019)	1,768,732
Total Net Assets	\$	288,229	\$	82,959	\$	(271,019)	\$ 1,768,732

Combining Statement of Fund Net Assets (continued) Internal Service Funds June 30, 2012

			Retiree	
	Worker's	Health	Health	
	Compensation	Insurance	Insurance	Total
<u>Assets</u>				
Current Assets:				
Pooled cash and investments in county treasury	\$	\$ 2,812,989	\$	\$ 5,790,205
Other cash		190,068	59,959	250,027
Accounts receivable		57,911	16,171	74,082
Due from other governments	1,151,973			1,151,973
Due from other funds		2,358,360		2,358,360
Total Current Assets	1,151,973	5,419,328	76,130	9,624,647
Total Assets	1,151,973	5,419,328	76,130	9,624,647
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,772	59,626	41,001	125,452
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,411	4,250	1,451	13,211
Due to other funds	23,750			23,750
Compensated absences payable	7,677	1,481	518	15,767
Liability for unpaid claims		2,237,669		3,312,741
Total current liabilities	36,610	2,303,026	42,970	3,490,921
Total Liabilities	36,610	2,303,026	42,970	3,490,921
Total Elabilities	00,010	2,000,020	12,010	0,100,021
Net Assets				
Unrestricted	1,115,363	3,116,302	33,160	6,133,726
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,115,363	\$ 3,116,302	\$ 33,160	\$ 6,133,726

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Software Acquisition		Vehicle Replacement		Unemployment Insurance		General Liability Insurance	
Operating Revenues: Charges and fees	\$ 140,622	\$		\$	400,000	\$	1,049,805	
Total Operating Revenues	 140,622				400,000		1,049,805	
Operating Expenses:								
Salaries and benefits							135,283	
Services and supplies					905		299,265	
Insurance					437,257		708,684	
Depreciation	16,732							
Claims and judgments	 				(129,522)	_	(10,208)	
Total Operating Expenses	 16,732				308,640		1,133,024	
Operating Income (Loss)	 123,890				91,360		(83,219)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest revenue (expense)	922		482		2,472		13,145	
Intergovernmental revenue	 							
Total Non-Operating Revenues	922		482		2,472		13,145	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers:	124,812		482		93,832		(70,074)	
Transfers in								
Transfers out	 						(10,308)	
Change in Net Assets	124,812		482		93,832		(80,382)	
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 163,417		82,477		(364,851)		1,849,114	
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 288,229	\$	82,959	\$	(271,019)	\$	1,768,732	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets (continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Worker's	Health	Retiree Health	
	Compensation	Insurance	Insurance	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges and fees	\$ 2,462,850	\$ 13,467,341	\$ 722,914	\$ 18,243,532
Total Operating Revenues	2,462,850	13,467,341	722,914	18,243,532
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	155,239	123,679	90,343	504,544
Services and supplies	7,556	14,145,257	1,350,365	15,803,348
Insurance	2,440,417	859,628	229,835	4,675,821
Depreciation				16,732
Claims and judgments		671,022		531,292
Total Operating Expenses	2,603,212	15,799,586	1,670,543	21,531,737
Operating Income (Loss)	(140,362)	(2,332,245)	(947,629)	(3,288,205)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest revenue (expense)	(3,898)	33,793	(1,431)	45,485
Intergovernmental revenue	1,151,973		263,135	1,415,108
Total Non-Operating Revenues	1,148,075	33,793	261,704	1,460,593
Income (Loss) Before Transfers:	1,007,713	(2,298,452)	(685,925)	(1,827,612)
Transfers in			499,956	499,956
Transfers out	(61,676)	(194,995)	(6,317)	(273,296)
Change in Net Assets	946,037	(2,493,447)	(192,286)	(1,600,952)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	169,326	5,609,749	225,446	7,734,678
Net Assets - End of Year	<u>\$ 1,115,363</u>	\$ 3,116,302	\$ 33,160	\$ 6,133,726

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Software Acquisition	Vehicle Replacement	Unemployment Insurance	General Liability Insurance	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 140,622	\$	\$ 400,000	\$ 1,051,927	
Cash paid to employees for services				(137,634)	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services			(438,162)	(1,179,492)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	140,622		(38,162)	(265,199)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Interfund loans					
Transfers in					
Transfers out				(10,308)	
Intergovernmental revenues					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities				(10,308)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest received (paid)	922	482	2,472	13,145	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	922	482	2,472	13,145	
Not oddi'r foviddd (oddd) by illyddiing Addividdd		402	2,472	10,140	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	141,544	482	(35,690)	(262,362)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	146,685	82,477	374,186	2,529,894	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 288,229	\$ 82,959	\$ 338,496	\$ 2,267,532	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)					
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	123,890		91,360	(83,219)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation	16,732				
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable				2,122	
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable				(48,761)	
Accrued salaries				(3,765)	
Compensated absences				1,414	
Claims liability			(129,522)	(132,990)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 140,622	\$	\$ (38,162)	\$ (265,199)	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Worker's Health		Retiree Health	
	Compensation	Insurance	Insurance	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 1,310,877	\$ 13,562,447	\$ 715,579	\$ 17,181,452
Cash paid to employees for services	(158,129)	(125,405)	(91,120)	(512,288)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(2,446,341)	(14,978,151)	(1,548,511)	(20,590,657)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,293,593)	(1,541,109)	(924,052)	(3,921,493)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund loans	23,750	(1,168,360)		(1,144,610)
Transfers in	25,750	(1,100,300)	499,956	499,956
Transfers out	(61,676)	(194,995)	(6,317)	(273,296)
Intergovernmental revenues	1,151,973	(104,000)	263,135	1,415,108
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,114,047	(1,363,355)	756,774	497,158
The cash Frenada (Cood) by invoking reavision	1,111,011	(1,000,000)	700,777	101,100
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received (paid)	(3,898)	33,793	(1,431)	45,485
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(3,898)	33,793	(1,431)	45,485
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	(183,444)	(2,870,671)	(168,709)	(3,378,850)
und Guan Equivalenta	(100,444)	(2,070,071)	(100,700)	(0,070,000)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	183,444	5,873,728	228,668	9,419,082
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	\$ 3,003,057	\$ 59,959	\$ 6,040,232
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)				
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	(140,362)	(2,332,245)	(947,629)	(3,288,205)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation				16,732
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable	(1,151,973)	95,106	(7,335)	(1,062,080)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable	1,632	26,734	31,689	11,294
Accrued salaries	(4,869)	(1,269)	(1,267)	(11,170)
Compensated absences	1,979	(457)	490	3,426
Claims liability		671,022		408,510
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (1,293,593)	\$ (1,541,109)	\$ (924,052)	\$ (3,921,493)

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Investment Trust Fund June 30, 2012

	Special Districts Local Boards		School Districts	Total	
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and investments in County Treasury	<u>\$</u>	8,697,956	\$132,570,418	\$	141,268,374
Net Assets					
Reserved for pool participants	\$	8,697,956	\$ 132,570,418	\$	141,268,374