

UKIAH VALLEY BASIN GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY AGENCY

501 Low Gap Rd., Rm. 1010 ♦ Ukiah ♦ California 95482 ♦ (707)463-4441 ♦ fax (707)463-7237

NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency ("Agency") Board of Directors ("Board") will hold its regular Board Meeting at:

1:30 P.M. - Thursday, January 9, 2020 Mendocino County Board of Supervisors Chambers, 501 Low Gap Road, Room 1070, CA 95482

AGFNDA

- 1. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL
- 2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 3. CONSENTITEMS
 - a. Approval of Minutes from the November 14, 2019 Meeting
- 4. STAFF UPDATES
- 5. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

The Board will receive public comments on items not appearing on the agenda and within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Agency. The Board will not enter into a detailed discussion or take any action on any items presented during public comments. Such items may only be referred to staff for administrative action or scheduled on a subsequent agenda for discussion. Persons wishing to speak on specific agenda items should do so at the time specified for those items. The presiding Chair shall limit public comments to three minutes.

6. ACTION ITEMS

- a. Update, Discussion and Possible Action Regarding the Development of a Ukiah Valley Basin Integrated Hydrological Conceptual Model
 - The Board will receive an update on the development of an Ukiah Valley Basin Integrated Hydrological Model.
- b. Presentation, Discussion and Possible Action Regarding the Development of Chapter 2 of the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Plan



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The Board will receive an introduction to the Chapter 2 of the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) from Larry Walker and Associates.

c. Discussion and Possible Action Regarding the Groundwater Sustainability Plan Commenting Process

The Board will receive a presentation regarding a proposed Groundwater Sustainability Plan Commenting Process.

d. Discussion and Possible Action Regarding Sustainable Management Criteria

The Board will receive a presentation regarding development components of sustainable management criteria.

7. <u>DIRECTOR REPORTS</u>

8. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

The Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency complies with ADA requirements and upon request, will attempt to reasonably accommodate individuals with disabilities by making meeting material available in appropriate alternative formats (pursuant to Government Code Section 54953.2). Anyone requiring reasonable accommodation to participate in the meeting should contact the Mendocino County Executive Office by calling (707) 463-4441 at least five days prior to the meeting.

Please reference the Mendocino County website to obtain additional information for the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency: http://www.mendocinocounty.org/uvbgsa



Item No.:	3.a
Date:	1/9/20
То:	Board of Directors
Subject:	Discussion and Possible Approval of Minutes from the November 14, 2019 Regular Meeting
Con	sent Agenda Regular Agenda Noticed Public Hearing
Summary	
Approval o	f Minutes from November 14, 2019, Regular Meeting.
Recomme	ended Action:
Approve th	e November 14, 2019, regular meeting minutes.
Backgrou	nd:
The Agency	convened on November 14, 2019.
Fiscal Sur	mmary:
N/A	
Action:	
Motion:	2nd:



UKIAH VALLEY BASIN GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY AGENCY

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1:30 P.M. – November 14, 2019 Mendocino County Board of Supervisors Chambers, 501 Low Gap Road, Room 1070, CA 95482

ACTION MINUTES

1. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL (1:31 P.M)

Present: Director Crane, Director Brown, Director Robinson, Director White, Alternate Director Todd, Chair Brown

2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by: Chair Brown

3. CONSENTITEMS

3(a). Discussion and Possible Approval of Minutes from the October 15th, 2019 Regular Meeting

Presenter/s: Chair Brown

Public Comment: None.

Board Action: Upon motion by Director Crane, seconded by Director White, and carried (11/14/2019); IT IS ORDERED that the minutes from the October 15th 2019, Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Agency are hereby approved.

4. STAFF UPDATES

Presenter/s: Procedural update regarding agenda publication notifications.

5. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Presenter/s: None

6. ACTION ITEMS

6(a) Discussion and Possible Action Regarding Proposition 68 Solicitation for Groundwater Sustainability Plan Development and Projects

Presenter/s: Ms. Sarah Dukett

Public Comment: None.

The Board received a presentation regarding Proposition 68 funding availability and staff recommendations regarding applying for additional funding to support the development of the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan.



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Board Action: None.

6(b) Discussion and Possible Action Including Adoption of the 2020 Board of Directors Master Meeting Calendar

Presenter/s: Ms. Sarah Dukett

Public Comment: None.

The Joint Power Agreement requires that the Board of Directors meet at least quarterly (Section 8.2). Therefore, the Board of Directors should consider the proposed 2020 Board of Directors Master Meeting Calendar.

Board Action: Upon motion by Director Crane, seconded by Director Brown, and carried (11/14/2019); IT IS ORDERED that the 2020 Board of Directors Master Meeting Calender is hereby adopted.

7. <u>DIRECTOR REPORTS</u>

No reports given.

8. ADJOURNMENT (1:53 P.M.)

	Attest:	
CARRE BROWN, Chair		



Item No.:	6.a
Date:	1/9/20
То:	Board of Directors
Subject:	Update, Discussion and Possible Action Regarding the Development of a Ukiah Valley Basin Integrated Hydrological Conceptual Model
Cons	sent Agenda Regular Agenda Noticed Public Hearing
Summary	
	will receive an update and presentation from Larry Walker and Associates regarding
	s of the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan focusing on the Hydrogeological Model (HCM) under Development for the Groundwater Sustainability Plan Chapter.
Recomme	ended Action:
	ection to staff regarding the Hydrogeological Conceptual Model.
Backgrou	nd·
· ·	
	4, 2018, the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA) ded approval of a contract with Larry Walker and Associates for the development of
the Ukiah	Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). On July 10, 2018, the Mendocino
-	ter Agency Board of Directors approved the contract with Larry Walker and Associates. ber 13, 2018, Larry Walker and Associates present an overview of the project and
	solicit feedback from the Board. Larry Walker and Associates will be presenting to
the Board c	n a regular basis to review components of the GSP for feedback and approval.
Fiscal Sur	nmary: N/A
7 13001 301	1111St y. 14773
A atlana	



Motion:	2nd:



Item No.:	6.b
Date:	1/9/20
То:	Board of Directors
Subject:	Presentation, Discussion and Possible Action Regarding the Development of Chapte 2 of the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Plan
Con	sent Agenda Regular Agenda Noticed Public Hearing
Summary	r:
	will receive an update and presentation from Larry Walker and Associates regarding
	s of the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (UVGSP) focusing on the nt of Chapter 2 of the UVGSP.
	·
Recomme	ended Action:
	ection to staff regarding Chapter 2 of the UVGSP.
Trovide dir	cettori to starr regarding oriapter 2 or the evest.
Backgrou	nd:
J	
	4, 2018, the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA) ded approval of a contract with Larry Walker and Associates for the development of
the Ukiah	Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). On July 10, 2018, the Mendocino
	ter Agency Board of Directors approved the contract with Larry Walker and Associates. Ober 13, 2018, Larry Walker and Associates present an overview of the project and
schedule to	solicit feedback from the Board. Larry Walker and Associates will be presenting to
the Board (on a regular basis to review components of the GSP for feedback and approval.
Fiscal Sur	mmary: N/A
i iscai sui	Tilliar y. 18/7 C
Action	



Motion:	2nd:



Item No.:	6.c
Date:	1/9/20
То:	Board of Directors
Subject:	Discussion and Possible Action Regarding the Groundwater Sustainability Plan
Con	Commenting Process sent Agenda
Summary	
component	will receive an update and presentation from Larry Walker and Associates regarding is of the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (UVGSP) focusing on the publicing process for the development of the UVGSP.
Recomme	ended Action:
Provide dir	ection to staff regarding the UVGSP public commenting process.
Backgrou	nd:
recommend the Ukiah County Wa On Septem schedule to	4, 2018, the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA) ded approval of a contract with Larry Walker and Associates for the development of Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). On July 10, 2018, the Mendocino ter Agency Board of Directors approved the contract with Larry Walker and Associates. aber 13, 2018, Larry Walker and Associates present an overview of the project and a solicit feedback from the Board. Larry Walker and Associates will be presenting to a regular basis to review components of the GSP for feedback and approval.
Fiscal Sur	mmary: N/A
Action:	



Motion:	2nd:



Item No.:	6.d
Date:	1/9/20
То:	Board of Directors
Subject:	Discussion and Possible Action Regarding Sustainable Management Criteria
Con	sent Agenda Regular Agenda Noticed Public Hearing
Summary	
	will receive an update and presentation from Larry Walker and Associates regarding s of the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (UVGSP) focusing on a
	y discussion on sustainable management criteria.
Recomme	ended Action:
Provide dir	ection to staff regarding sustainable management criteria development.
Backgrou	nd:
recommend the Ukiah County Wa On Septem schedule to	4, 2018, the Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA) ded approval of a contract with Larry Walker and Associates for the development of Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). On July 10, 2018, the Mendocino ter Agency Board of Directors approved the contract with Larry Walker and Associates. Iber 13, 2018, Larry Walker and Associates present an overview of the project and a solicit feedback from the Board. Larry Walker and Associates will be presenting to an a regular basis to review components of the GSP for feedback and approval.
Fiscal Sur	nmary: N/A
Action:	
N 4 a + ! a · a	On al

Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency Board Meeting

Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Plan Development Update

January 9, 2020



Outline

- State of GSP Prior to This Meeting
- Water Budget: Integrated Hydrological Model
 - Hydrological Model (PRMS)
 - Root Zone Water Budget (IDC)
 - Groundwater Model (MODFLOW)
 - Integration (GSFLOW)
- Development of GSP Chapter 2
- Review and Commenting Process
- Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable Management Criteria

Outline

- State of GSP Prior to This Meeting
- Water Budget: Integrated Hydrological Model
 - Hydrological Model (PRMS)
 - Root Zone Water Budget (IDC)
 - Groundwater Model (MODFLOW)
 - Integration (GSFLOW)
- Development of GSP Chapter 2
- Review and Commenting Process
- Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable
 Management Criteria

State of GSP Prior to this Meeting

- First phase of DMS is conducted and ready to be delivered.
- Draft HCM was presented to the TAC for commenting and review.
- Preliminary results of the integrated hydrogeological model was presented for separate modeling parts: PRMS, IDC, MODFLOW.
- Overview of TSS was discussed and next steps need to be taken.

Outline

- State of GSP Prior to This Meeting
- Water Budget: Integrated Hydrological Model
 - Hydrological Model (PRMS)
 - Root Zone Water Budget (IDC)
 - Groundwater Model (MODFLOW)
 - Integration (GSFLOW)
- Development of GSP Chapter 2
- Review and Commenting Process
- Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable
 Management Criteria

Integrated Hydrological Modelling (PRMS+IDC+MODFLOW: preliminary results

GSFLOW Integrated Hydrological Model



PRMS Rainfall Runoff Model





*Soil (Root Zone Budget)





MODFLOW
Groundwater Model





Outline

- State of GSP Prior to This Meeting
- Water Budget: Integrated Hydrological Model
 - Hydrological Model (PRMS)
 - Root Zone Water Budget (IDC)
 - Groundwater Model (MODFLOW)
 - Integration (GSFLOW)
- Development of GSP Chapter 2
- Review and Commenting Process
- Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable
 Management Criteria

Development of GSP Chapter 2

- Overview of Chapter 2
 - Focus of Chapter 2
 - Information gaps for Chapter 2.1

Review and Commenting Process

A GSP has five chapters:

1. Introduction



2. Plan Area and Basin Setting



3. Sustainable Management Criteria



4. Projects and Management Actions



5. Plan Implementation



Review and Commenting Process

2.1. Description of Plan Area

- 2.1.1. Summary of Jurisdictional Areas and Other Features
- 2.1.2. Water Resources Monitoring and Management Programs
- 2.1.3. Land Use Elements or Topic Categories of Applicable General Plans
- 2.1.4. Additional GSP Elements
- 2.1.5. Notice and Communication

Information Needed for Ch 2 Section 2.1

2.1. Description of Plan Area

- 2.1.1. Summary of Jurisdictional Areas and Other Features
 - General information about the Russian River Watershed and PVP
- 2.1.2. Water Resources Monitoring and Management Programs
 - Check monitoring entities and see if we should add or remove any programs listed
 - Provide additional information, if available, for programs that are highlighted as needing feedback

Information Needed for Ch 2 Section 2.1

2.1. Description of Plan Area

- 2.1.2. Water Resources Monitoring and Management Programs
 - Additional information regarding TMDLs would be helpful
- 2.1.3. Land Use Elements or Topic Categories of Applicable General Plans
 - We need information regarding the County's zoning plan
 - Any other relevant plans other than the General Plan and UVAP that should be included and is missing.

Information Needed for Ch 2 Section 2.1

2.1. Description of Plan Area

2.1.4. Additional GSP Elements

Anything to include in or add to the following sections:

- Migration of contaminated groundwater
- Groundwater cleanup sites Relationships with State and federal regulatory agencies.
- Impacts on groundwater dependent ecosystems

Outline

- State of GSP Prior to This Meeting
- Water Budget: Integrated Hydrological Model
 - Hydrological Model (PRMS)
 - Root Zone Water Budget (IDC)
 - Groundwater Model (MODFLOW)
 - Integration (GSFLOW)
- Development of GSP Chapter 2
- Review and Commenting Process
- Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable
 Management Criteria

Review and Commenting Process

- Reviewer forms are distributed. Instructions were provided in the first page of the form and examples are written in the form. In summary, including the following would be increasingly helpful:
 - For suggested text changes, please copy and paste the text you wish to change and place your suggested edits in track changes or strikethrough features in this document.
 - Please note the line number

Example for reviewer form

Reviewer name:

Submission date:

GSP sections reviewed:

Line number	Suggested revision (please delete example text below once you submit)
69	Example: In the acknowledgements section, please add XXX as a partner
131	Example: Can you provide source of information, footnote or otherwise?
220	Example of how to make edits to original document text: In 2014, the State of
	California enacted the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act, which includes
	requirements that must be addressed in the Scott Valley Basin, as this area is
	considered a medium priority groundwater basin.

Outline

- State of GSP Prior to This Meeting
- Water Budget: Integrated Hydrological Model
 - Hydrological Model (PRMS)
 - Root Zone Water Budget (IDC)
 - Groundwater Model (MODFLOW)
 - Integration (GSFLOW)
- Development of GSP Chapter 2
- Review and Commenting Process
- Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable Management Criteria

Preliminary Discussion on Sustainable Management Criteria

Key Elements of Groundwater Sustainability Plans



stakeholders
engagement, learning,
communication,
management,
decision making

hydrology data collection, monitoring, modeling, assessment, future scenarios

Key Elements of Groundwater Sustainability Plans



stakeholders
engagement, learning,
communication,
management,
decision making

hydrology
data collection, monitoring,
modeling, assessment,
future scenarios



Healthy

Health Maintenance

- Nutrition
- Exercise
- Relationships/social engagement
 - Monitoring & Assessment

Sustainable Groundwater

Groundwater Management

- Adaptive supply management
- Adaptive demand management
 - Stakeholder engagement
 - Monitoring & Assessment

Treatment Mode

- Medication / therapy
- Additional monitoring & Doctor's assessment
- Critically ill

Emergency Mode
Emergency Room

- Surgery
- Death

 Reversible undesirable impacts

Extraordinary Measures

- Supply enhancement / demand reduction
- Additional monitoring & assessment

THRESHOLD (s)

TRIGGER(s)

Major undesirable impacts

Emergency Mode

- SGMA Chapter 11
- Probationary Status
- Groundwater unusable/unavailable



Healthy

Health Maintenance

- Exercise "Measurable Objective"
 s/social e
- Relationships/social el gernent
 - Monitoring & Assessment

Sustainable Groundwater

undwater Management

- Adaptive supply management
- Adaptive demand management
 - Stakeholder engagement
 - Monitoring & Assessment

TRIGGER (s)

R

Treatment Mode

- Medication / therapy
- Additional monitoring & Doctor's assessment
- Critically ill

Reversible undesirable impacts

Extraordinary Measures

- Supply enhancement / demand reduction
- Additional monitoring & assessment

"Minimum Threshold"

Major undesirable impacts

Emergency Mode

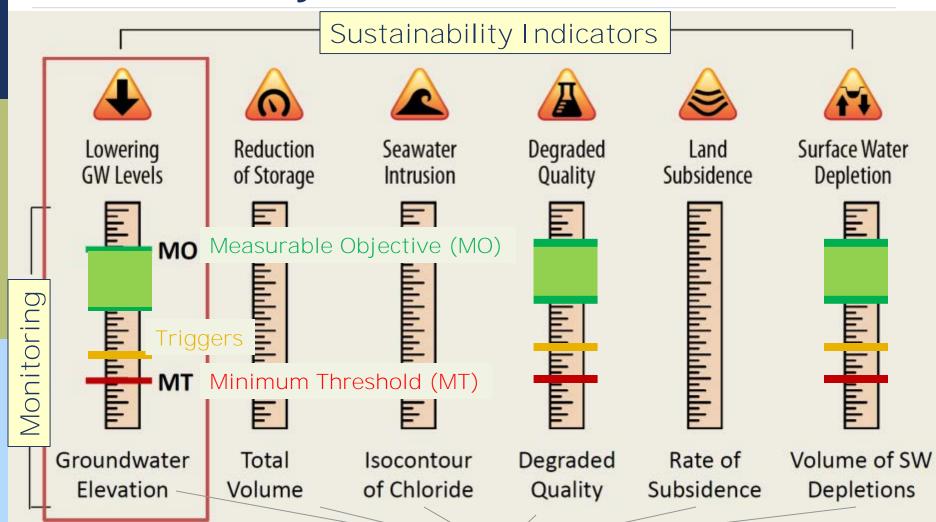
- **Emergency Room**
 - Surgery
- Jeath

Emergency Mode

- SGMA Chapter 11
- Probationary Status
- Groundwater unusable/unavailable



GSP: Monitoring and Managing Sustainability





Sustainable Management Criteria Components

- Sustainability Goal
- Undesirable Results (UR)
- Minimum Thresholds (MT)
- Measurable Objectives (MO)

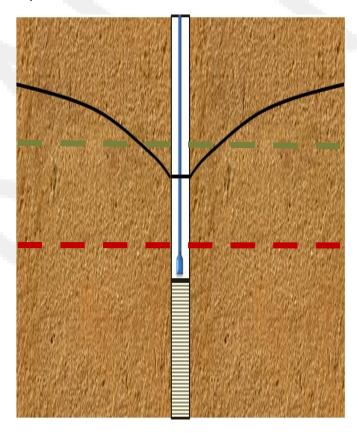
Minimum Threshold

Exceeding this threshold causes Undesirable Results

Sustainable Management Criteria Components

- Sustainability Goal
- Undesirable Results (UR)
- Minimum Thresholds (MT)
- Measurable Objectives (MO)

Cannot be much lower than prior to January 1, 2015



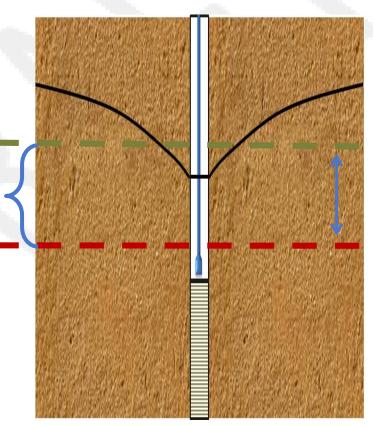
Measurable Objective

Minimum Threshold

Sustainable Management Criteria Components

- Sustainability Goal
- Undesirable Results (UR)
- Minimum Thresholds (MT)
- Measurable Objectives (MO)

Creates operational flexibility to account for droughts, climate change, etc.

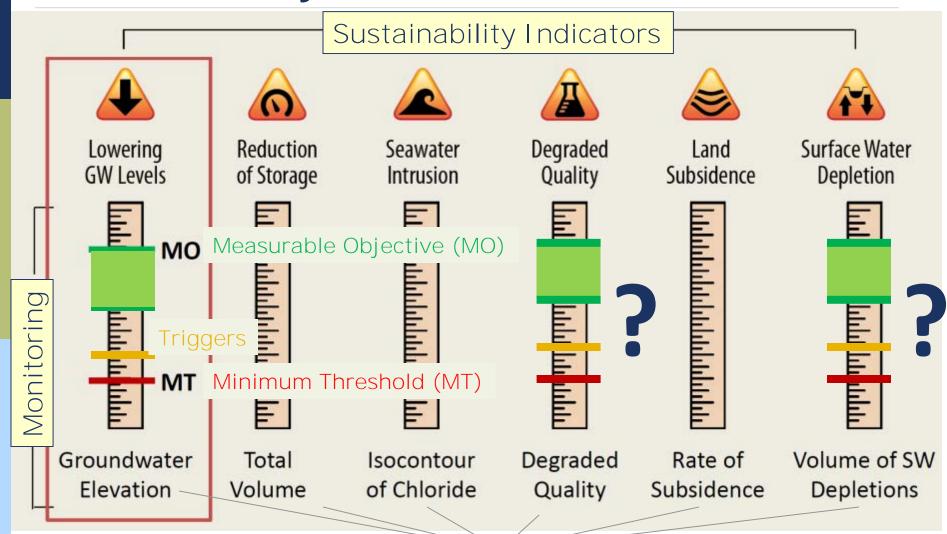


Measurable Objective

Operational Range

Minimum Threshold

GSP: Monitoring and Managing Sustainability



Some Guidance on Water Quality in GSPs:



GROUNDWATER MANAGEN SUSTAINABLE Water Quality Frequently Asked Qu

This Frequently Asked Questions document provides guidance to s This Frequently Asked Questions document provides guidance to garaged agencies (GSAs) about the role of water quality in the Sustainable agencies (GSAs) about the role of water quality in the sustainable agencies (GSAs) about the role of water quality in the sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) about the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) about the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) about the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the role of the sustainable agencies (GSAs) are sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the sustainable agencies (GSAs) are sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the sustainable agencies (GSAs) are sustainable agencies (GSAs) are sustainable agencies (GSAs) and the sustainable agencies (GSAs) are sustainab agencies (GSAs) about the role of water quality in the Sustainability place (GSMA) and the requirements of groundwater sustainability place (SGMA) and the requirements of groundwater sustain

CCR Section 350).

GENERAL QUESTIONS Degradation of water quality can limit local water supplies and 1. Why consider water quality? Degradation or water quality can limit local water supplies and federal and state laws and regulations address the deleterious and state laws and regulations and the continuous and the rederal and state laws and regulations address the deleterious quality. SGMA does not attempt to resolve all water quality. quality. Julina dues not alternipt to resolve all water quality operation of a basin within its sustainable yield does not cau operation of a pasifi within its sustainable yield does not cau water quality degradation. Water Code Section 10727.2 an water quality degradation. Water Odde Section 10121 2 at GSAs to characterize the groundwater quality and identify GOAS to characterize the groundwater quality and identify groundwater quality in the GSPs for their basin. In addition groundwater quainy in the GSPs for their basin. In addition actions adopted by a GSA within their GSPs should not of actions adopted by a GSA within their GSPs. could lead to an undesirable result.

AUTHORITIES OF A GSA

2. How do the authorities granted to GSAs in S SGMA provides GSAs with authorities that may be us which include avoiding significant and unreasonable which include avoiding significant and unreasonable acquire, transport, or import surface water or ground acquire, transport, or import surface water or ground may also "transport, reclaim, purify, desalinate, trea water, wastewater, or other waters for subsequent water, wastewater, or other waters for subsequent groundwater conditions (Water Code Section 1072) groundwater conditions (Water Code Section 1072) to regulate groundwater extractions (Water Code

It is the responsibility of a GSA to ensure that its basin and any other action taken by the GSA will State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board), Tite Boards (Regional Water Boards), the California Department of Public Head Boards (Regional Water Code Section 1972) 8 (a) (b) 8 (fit) water quality. A GSA's authority does not, howe water quality. A GDA's authority does not, nowever, State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board), in State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board). boards (Regional Water Boards), the California Departmet governments (Water Code Section 10726.8 (a), (e), & (f)).



A GUIDE TO WATER QUA REQUIREMENTS UNDER GROUNDWATER MANAGE

By Tara Moran and Alletta Belin

Stanford $|_{Water in the}$

Protecting Groundwater Quality in California MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR AVOIDING MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR AVOIDING

MATURALLY OCCURRING AND EMERGING CONTAMINANTS Environmental Defense Fund Sarah Fakhreddine Christina Babbitt Stanford School of Earth, Energy, and Environmental Sciences Allison Sherris Alandra Lopez Arden Wells Randall Holmes Scott Fendorf Green Science Policy Institute Earth and Environmental Sciences Earth and Environmental Sciences
Area, Lawrence Berkeley National Peter Nico

SCANFORD

SCHOOL OF EARTH, ENERGY

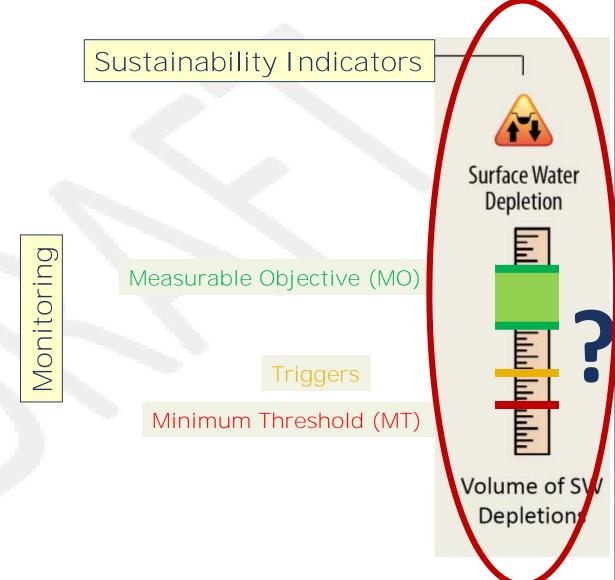
E ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

■ Natural Resources

Supporting Documents

SISKIYOU

Library of SGMA Related Articles & Materials provides information for the advisory committees and the public. If you wish to provide relevant materials no listed here please send to SGMA@co.siskiyou.ca.us. **GSP: Monitoring and Managing Sustainability**





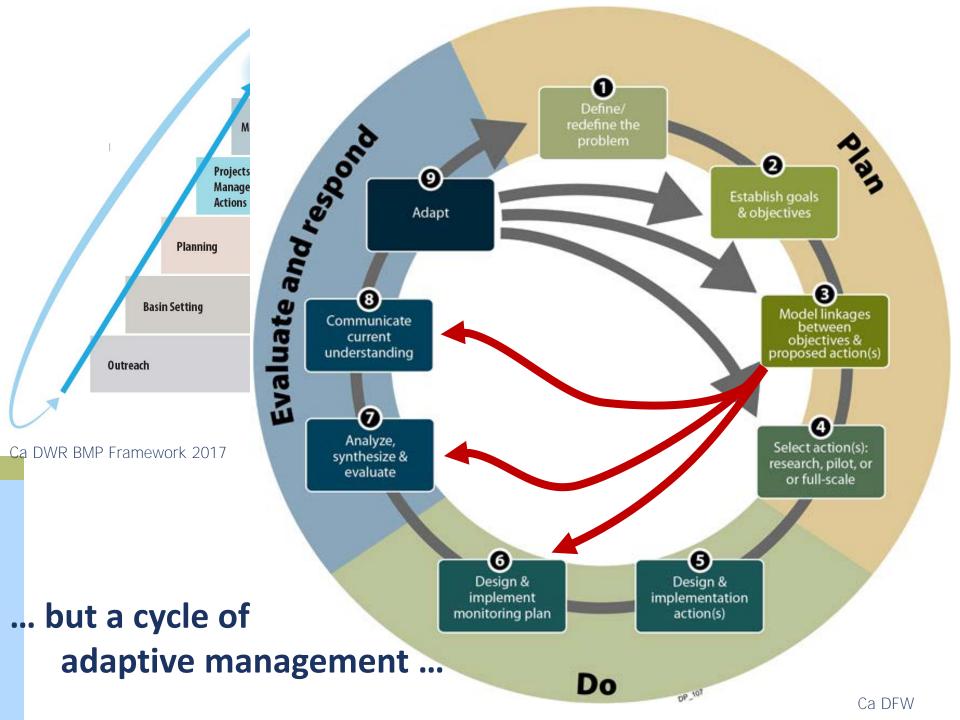
Key Elements of Groundwater Sustainability Plans



...this will not be a one way street...

stakeholders
engagement, learning,
communication,
management,
decision making

hydrology
data collection, monitoring,
modeling, assessment, future
scenarios



Questions?

Thank you!

Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin

Groundwater Sustainable Agency

Review Form

Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Plan

Dear Reviewer,

Per SGMA requirements, a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) is under development for the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin (UVBGSP). Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA) welcomes feedback on draft sections of the GSP by the broad interests and perspectives of the public.

REVIEWER INSTRUCTIONS:

Given the large number of reviewers, accommodating track changes or other editing options within the original draft sections distributed to all committee members can be challenging. As an alternative to tracked changes editing, please consider using this reviewer form with the following instructions:

- Use the form below to provide comments. Feel free to expand the form as needed.
- For suggested text changes, please copy and paste the text you wish to change and place your suggested edits in track changes or strikethrough features in this document. What is important is that technical staff can see *both* the original draft text and your distinct suggestions.
- Note the line number—from the <u>PDF version</u> of the draft GSP section—where your comment, question or suggested text edit begins.
- Examples of how to provide feedback are listed in the review form below. Feel free to delete
 these examples with your submission, and only include your feedback.

DRAFT SECTIONS UNDER REVIEW:

• GSP Chapter 2.1: Description of the Plan Area

Please email comments directly to (duketts@mendocinocounty.org), with a Cc to Technical Consulting Team Lead Laura Foglia (lauraf@lwa.com). Please use the following file nomenclature in saving your review document:

UVBGSP_PlanArea_[Your name]_date

Please send your comments no later than February 10, 2019.

Thanks for contributing to the draft GSP for the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin.

<u>Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin</u>

Groundwater Sustainable Agency

Reviewer name:			
Submission date:			
GSP sections reviewed:			

Line number	Suggested revision (please delete example text below once you submit)
69	Example: In the acknowledgements section, please add XXX as a partner
131	Example: Can you provide source of information, footnote or otherwise?
220	Example of how to make edits to original document text: In 2014, the State of
	California enacted the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act, which includes
	requirements that must be addressed in the Scott Valley Basin, as this area is
	considered a medium priority groundwater basin.

Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin

Groundwater Sustainable Agency

Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin

Groundwater Sustainable Agency

Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency and Technical Advisory Committee 501 Low Gap Road, Room 1010 Ukiah, CA 95482

RE: Release of Draft Chapter 2.1 of the Groundwater Sustainability Plan for Ukiah Valley Groundwater

The Ukiah Valley Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA), in coordination with our consultant, Larry Walker Associates, is in the process of developing a draft of the Groundwater Sustainability Plan (Plan) for the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin (Plan Area) that must be submitted to the California Department of Water Resources by January 31, 2022.

In order to provide multiple opportunities for review and input from members of the UVBGSA Board and Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), as well as interested members of the public, draft chapter segments will be presented to the Board and Committee for discussion and commenting throughout the Plan development process. This will facilitate discussion of the content of chapters as they are developed, allow time for review and feedback, and ideally generate consensus support over time for the Plan's contents. These draft chapters represent a framework for the final document, and while information has been summarized, public input is needed to identify and fill gaps in data and incorporate local knowledge and viewpoints.

Presented with this letter is Chapter 2.1 of the GSP titled: "Description of the Plan Area". Chapter 2.1 is intended to provide an overview of the existing monitoring and management programs in the Plan Area and highlight how they relate to the development and implementation of the Plan. This section includes:

- 2.1.1 Summary of Jurisdictional Areas and Other Features
- 2.1.2 Water Resources Monitoring and Management Programs
- 2.1.3 Land Use Elements or Topic Categories of Applicable General Plans
- 2.1.4 Additional GSP Elements
- 2.1.5 Notice and Communication.

This Chapter in its current form is not complete and includes several notes that point to the type of information missing and the reason for the deficiency. Specific topics identified in the draft version of Chapter 2.1 that require additional input or review are commented using a "bold italic" format in the document and listed in Table 1, below. We intend to first, start the GSA's official review and commenting process by proposing this Chapter as a starting point. Review and commenting process will be discussed during the upcoming meeting on 9 January 2020, in both the TAC and the Board meetings. Second, we hope to obtain comments from the members on the Chapter, as well as supplementary information and direction regarding the missing or incomplete subsections.

Thank you for taking the time to review the draft documents and provide your input. The responses and feedback gained from this process are appreciated and will be used to guide development of this Plan.

Sincerely,

Table 1. Topics identified in the draft version of Chapter 2.1 that require additional input or review.

Section	Page	Comments
Jurisdictional Areas and Land Use	2	To be completed with appropriate (as needed) discussion of Russian River watershed and PVP project
2.1.2 Water Resources Monitoring and Management Programs	4-5	Feedback is needed to add/delete monitoring entities from the list. Each monitoring program should be explained if/how it will be incorporated or limit the flexibility in the GSP implementation. This type of information is not yet available sufficiently and more progress is needed to justify the writing. This Section will be updated accordingly.
California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)	6	More information is needed about the monitoring programs conducted by CDFW. Not yet determined if the NMFS stream gauges should be included in the plan. Subsection will be updated upon receiving more information.
Feliz Creek Monitoring	6	This is included in the Mendocino County Water Agency Action Plan as a monitoring program but seems to be one with limited scope. To be checked for details and incorporated accordingly.
Agricultural Lands Discharge Program	7	To be checked to see if/which monitoring is being conducted under this program in the Basin and updated accordingly.
Russian River Regional Monitoring Program (R3MP)	8	It seems that a monitoring plan is under development, but additional information is needed to include or see if it is relevant.
Center for Western and Weather Extremes (CW3E) monitoring under Forecast-informed Reservoir Operation Planning	8	Feedback is needed to see if this program should be included. If so, this section will be updated accordingly through further coordination with the program.
County of Mendocino Zoning Plan	9	To be updated with more information if this section is deemed relevant.
Migration of contaminated groundwater	10	This section will be updated upon receiving additional information.
Groundwater contamination cleanup, recharge, diversions to storage, conservation, water recycling, conveyance, and extraction projects	10	This section will be updated upon receiving additional information.
Land use plans and efforts to coordinate with land use planning agencies to assess activities 391 that potentially create risks to groundwater quality or quantity	11	This may include duplicate information as Land Use section and it may not be needed.
Impacts on groundwater dependent ecosystems	11	This section will be updated upon GSP progress.
2.1.5 Notice and Communication	11	This section will summarize and reference, or include the full text of, Communication and Engagement Plan.

DRAFT GSP Chapter 2: Plan Area and Basin Setting

Larry Walker Associates, Inc.

12/22/2019

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2.1 Description of the Plan Area

2.1.1 Summary of Jurisdictional Areas and Other Features

The Ukiah Valley groundwater basin (Basin) is located in Mendocino County (County) and underlies the Ukiah Valley, the Redwood Valley, and their tributaries (Figure 1). Under the 2018 basin prioritization conducted by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), the Ukiah Valley groundwater basin 37 (DWR Basin 1-052) was designated as medium priority (DWR 2019c). Elevations in the Basin vary from 38 approximately 500 feet (ft) (150 meters (m)) mean sea level (msl) in the southern part of the Ukiah Valley to over 1000 feet (305 m) msl in the Redwood Valley. The Basin encompasses a surface area of 37,500 acres 40 (59 square miles (mi); 152 square kilometers (km)) and is 22 mi (35.4 km) long and 4.6 mi (7.4 km) at its 41 widest section just north of the City of Ukiah. cities of Ukiah, Redwood Valley, Calpella, and Talmage are 42 the major municipalities within the Basin with populations of 16,075, 1,729, 1,130, and 679, respectively (U.S. Census Bureau 2018). The majority of the land within the Basin is privately owned except for small 44 California Tribal Reservations and Rancheria areas, land owned by the State of California, and land in the 45 proximity of Mendocino Lake that is owned by the federal government (Figure 2). The Russian River flows through the entire length of the Basin and is joined by several smaller tributaries. Lake Mendocino borders 47 the eastern side of the Basin and provides managed releases to the East Fork of the Russian River through the operation of Coyote Dam. The east and west forks of the Russian River merge north of the City of 49 Ukiah and flow southward towards the Basin drainage and the City of Hopland. The Basin is bounded by the Mendocino Range of the Coastal Ranges and is bordered by the Sanel Valley Groundwater Basin (1-053) 51 to the south. The Mendocino Range is predominantly composed of the thick, late Mesozoic and Cenozoic sedimentary rocks of the Franciscan formation.

54 Jurisdictional Areas and Land Use

Ukiah Valley Groundwater Sustainability Agency (UVBGSA) is the sole Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA) for the Basin and is responsible for the entire area covered by this Groundwater Sustainability Plan 56 (GSP; Figure 1). UVBGSA consists of the County of Mendocino (County), the City of Ukiah, the Upper 57 Russian River Water Agency, and the Russian River Flood Control and Water Conservation and Improvement 58 District (Figure 3). The County of Mendocino exercises land use authority on the land overlying the Basin. 59 The City of Ukiah (City) is a local municipality that exercises water supply, water management, and land 60 use authority within the City's boundaries. The upper Russian River Water Agency is a joint powers authority representing Millview County Water District, Willow County Water District, Calpella County 62 Water District, and Redwood Valley Water District within the Ukiah Valley Basin. The Russian River Flood Control and Water Conservation and Improvement District is a special district created by State 64 Statute (State of California Statue § Act 4830) that exercises water supply and water management authority within the Basin. Rogina Water Company also provides water supply within the Basin but is not a GSA member. The boundaries of these agencies and the UVBGSA are shown in Figure 3. 67

The Basin boundary encompasses the incorporated communities of Ukiah, Calpella, Talmage, and Redwood Valley. Four small portions of the Basin that are designated federal tribal lands and are not subject to SGMA 69 requirements (Figure 2). These tribal lands are owned by the Guidiville Rancheria Tribe, Pinoleville Pomo Nation, Covote Valley Tribe, and Redwood Valley little River Band of Pomo Indians. However, one tribal 71 representative sits on each of the UVBGSA Board and the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC). Communities within the Basin are designated as either Disadvantage Communities (DAC) or Severely Disadvantaged 73 Communities (SDAC), as shown in **Figure 4**. Communities with an annual median household income (MHI) 74 of less than 80% of the average annual MHI in California are classified as DACs, while communities with 75 annual MHIs of less than 60% of California's annual MHI are considered SDACs. According to the DWR's DAC Mapping Tool (DWR 2019a), the statewide annual MHI for 2012-2016 is \$63,783, which designates the 77 City of Ukiah as a DAC with its annual MHI of \$38,686. Moreover, the U.S. Census American Community 78 Survey (ACS) further delineates census tracts within the Basin, each of which are designated as DAC or SDAC. The MHI (DWR 2019a) for each of these tracts is as follows:

- Tract 06045010900, population 5,044 \$44,296 (qualifies for DAC)
 - Tract 06045011300, population 5,703 –\$36,310 (qualifies for SDAC)
 - Tract 06045011500, population, 6,616 \$38,662 (qualifies for DAC)
 - Tract 06045011600, population 5,814 \$26,122 (qualifies for SDAC)
 - Tract 06045011800, population 2,171 \$49,485 (qualifies for DAC)
- All of the census tracts that are wholly within or intersect the Ukiah Valley Basin are designated as DAC or
- SDAC. In addition, the combined population of these DAC and SDAC census tracts is 25,348, which is about 85% of the estimated 2010 population of the Ukiah Valley Basin (29,671), which includes the Ukiah Census
- ⁸⁹ County Division (CCD), the Calpella Census Designated Place (CDP), and the Redwood Valley CDP.
- 90 To be completed with appropriate (as needed) discussion of Russian River watershed and PVP 91 project

92 Current Land Use

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- Land use within the Basin is divided into three major categories: agricultural, urban, and native vegetation,
- which includes forests and riparian vegetation (Figure 5). Table 1 shows the acreages associated with
- of different land uses within the Basin according to the 2010 Land Use Survey ("DWR Land Use Viewer" n.d.).
- Major agricultural crops within the basin are grape, pear, and pasture.

Table 1: Acreage and percentage of total Basin area covered by each land use category according to 2010 Land Use Survey.

Land Use Description	Percentage (%)	Area (acre)
Agricultural-Undeveloped	1.86	700
Fruits and Nuts	3.23	1,212
Grain and Hay	0.50	189
Idle	1.36	509
Native and Riparian Vegetatio	n 51.30	19,258
Pasture	0.40	149
Urban	19.14	7,185
Vineyard	20.70	7,769
Water	1.41	530
Total	99.90	37,500

97 Well Records

Public data regarding wells is limited in the Basin. Using data from the DWR Online System for Well Completion Reports (DWR 2019b), it is possible to visualize the approximate distribution (i.e., well density) of domestic, agricultural production, and public drinking water wells in the Basin, aggregated to each Public Land Survey System (PLSS) section (Figures 6–9). Because OSWCR represents an index of Well Completion Report (WCR) records dating back many decades, this dataset may include abandoned wells, destroyed wells, or wells with quality control issues such as inaccurate, missing or duplicate records, but is nevertheless a valuable resource for planning efforts. The primary uses of the wells reviewed are shown in Table 2.

During the development of the Initial Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (LACO Associates 2017) by the UVBGSA, a database of 2,490 WCRs (WCR Catalog) was obtained from DWR and analyzed. However, the number of WCRs that were located within the Basin and could be reliably located were lower. From the WCRs obtained, only 214 were selected and georeferenced to be used in the development of the report (LACO Associates 2017). UVBGSA analyzed and georeferenced 41 additional WCRs in the next phase of the development of the Hydrogeological Conceptual Model (HCM) outlined in this report in **Section 2.2.1**.

Table 2: Number of wells per recorded use category in the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin according to OSWCR (DWR 2019b).

Recorded use	Number of Wells
Agriculture	117
Destructed	5
Domestic	1,058
Indusrial	11
Injection	46
Monitoring	344
Other	1,178
Public/Municipal	70
Remediation	33
Grand Total	$2,\!862$

While the number of WCRs in each category of recorded use in the WCR Catalog is different from **Table**113 **2**, the top categories remain consistent in their order of significance; domestic, monitoring, agricultural, and public/municipal.

2.1.2 Water Resources Monitoring and Management Programs

There is historical and ongoing work in the Basin and the Russian River watershed (Watershed) related to monitoring and management of surface water and groundwater resources. This section first lists the ongoing statewide, regional, and local monitoring programs. Then, it describes relevant monitoring and management programs to this GSP and outlines the current understanding of a) how those programs will be incorporated into GSP implementation and b) how they may limit operational flexibility in GSP implementation.

Overview of Monitoring and Management Programs

22 Statewide Monitoring Agencies and Programs

- California Department of Pesticide Regulation (CDPR) Groundwater Protection Program
- Department of Water Resources

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- California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring Groundwater
- California Data Exchange Center (CDEC)
- Water Data Library
- California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) (Text to be added later)
- California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB; State Water Board)
 - Division of Drinking Water (DDW)
 - Cannabis Cultivation Program
 - Groundwater Ambient Monitoring and Assessment Program (GAMA)
 - Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program (ILRP) (Text to be added later)
 - Water Demand Management Program
- United States Geological Survey (USGS)

36 Regional Monitoring Programs

• California North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board (NCRWQC)

- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permits, Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs), Recycled Water Permits
 - Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)
 - Russian River Regional Monitoring Program (R3MP)
 - Center for Western Weather and Water Extremes (CW3E) monitoring under Forecast-Informed Reservoir Operation Planning

144 Local Monitoring Agencies and Programs:

- Mendocino County Resource Conservation District (MCRCD)
- Mendocino County Water Agency
- City of Ukiah

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- Mendocino County Farm Bureau
- The Russian River Flood Control and Water Conservation and Improvement District

Feedback is needed to add/delete monitoring entities from the list. Each monitoring program should be explained if/how it will be incorporated or limit the flexibility in the GSP implementation. This type of information is not yet available sufficiently and more progress is needed to justify the writing. This Section will be updated accordingly.

154 Detailed Monitoring and Management Programs

¹⁵⁵ California Department of Pesticide Regulation (CDPR) Groundwater Protection Program

The CDPR obtains groundwater sampling data from other public agencies and through its own sampling 156 program. Monitoring data includes those collected by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), SWRCB, SWRCB 157 DDW, California Department of Public Health (CDPH), US Fish and Wildlife (USFS), and CDPR. These 158 data are reported annually along with the actions taken by CDPR and the SWRCB to protect groundwater from contamination by agricultural pesticides. CDPR samples groundwater to determine (1) whether 160 pesticides with the potential to pollute groundwater are present in groundwater, (2) the extent and source 161 of pesticide contamination, and (3) the effectiveness of regulatory mitigation measures (CDPR Website: 162 https://www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/emon/grndwtr/gwp_sampling.htm). According to the database available at the CDPR website (accessed in December 2018), a dataset consisting of 24 monitoring wells within the Basin 164 that includes groundwater data for 155 chemical compounds collected at different dates starting in August 165 1977 through the end of 2018. 166

167 Department of Water Resources

¹⁶⁸ California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring Program

California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring Program (CASGEM) aims to establish a permanent 169 and locally-managed program to track seasonal and long-term groundwater elevation trends in groundwater 170 basins statewide. On November 4, 2009, the State Legislature amended the Water Code with SBx7-6, which 171 mandates collaboration between local monitoring entities and DWR. The primary task of the monitoring 172 entity is to collect groundwater elevation data and report this data to DWR. The collection and evaluation 173 of such data on a statewide scale is an important fundamental step toward improving the management of 174 California's groundwater resources. The County has been officially recognized by the State Water Board, 175 as of August 2014, as the monitoring entity for the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin and is currently in compliance. The County is coordinating the monitoring for the basins throughout the County, which involves 177 collecting well data from the local agencies that are conducting the well monitoring and then formatting 178 and uploading the information to the State system. The Mendocino County Resource Conservation District (MCRCD) has been contracted to perform the monitoring in the Ukiah Valley. As of December 2019, 42 wells have been incorporated into the Program within the Basin. Of the 42 wells, seven are under voluntary status meaning that the owners have contributed water level measurements to the program but the wells are not enrolled in the CASGEM Program. This leaves 35 wells that are currently enrolled in the CASGEM Program. CASGEM monitoring is ongoing within the Basin and the County has made a continuous effort to recruit additional wells into the Program. Measurements are normally done twice per year, once during spring (usually in May) and once in fall (usually in November).

¹⁸⁷ California Data Exchange Center (CDEC)

DWR installs, maintains, and operates hydrologic and meteorological data collection networks throughout
the state. The data collected includes river stage and streamflow, precipitation, reservoir storage and operation, snow, etc., and is made available to the public through a centralized internet location called the
California Data Exchange Center (CDEC). CDEC also receives and exchanges data with various Federal and
State agencies including the National Weather Service (NWS), U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (USBR), U.S.
Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E), Sacramento Municipal Utility District
(SMUD), and USGS. As of December 2019, CDEC hosts a variety of meteorological and hydrologic data for
two stations within the Basin: CDW and RRU.

¹⁹⁶ California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)

More information is needed about the monitoring programs conducted by CDFW. Not yet determined if the NMFS stream gauges should be included in the plan. Subsection will be updated upon receiving more information.

200 Feliz Creek Monitoring

This is included in the Mendocino County Water Agency Action Plan as a monitoring program but seems to be one with limited scope. To be checked for details and incorporated accordingly.

²⁰³ California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB; State Board)

204 Division of Drinking Water (DDW)

The State Water Resources Control Board's Division of Drinking Water, monitors public water system wells per the requirements of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations relative to levels of organic and inorganic compounds such as metals, microbial compounds, and radiological analytes (this effort was formerly performed by the California Department of Public Health). Data are available for active and inactive drinking water sources, for water systems that serve the public, and wells defined as serving 15 or more connections, or more than 25 people per day. In the Basin, Division of Drinking Water wells are monitored for Title 22 requirements.

212 Cannabis Cultivation Program

The SWRCB through Order No. WQ 2019-0001DWQ (Cannabis Cultivation Activities General Order) and the Cannabis Cultivation Policy, requires selective monitoring of cannabis cultivation sites and associated facilities to ensure that dischargers to waters of the state do not adversely affect the quality and beneficial uses of such waters.

217 Groundwater Ambient Monitoring and Assessment Program (GAMA)

The Groundwater Ambient Monitoring and Assessment (GAMA) Program was created by the SWRCB in 2000 and is utilized to integrate existing monitoring programs and design new programs as necessary to 219 monitor and assess groundwater quality in basins that account for 95% of California's groundwater use. 220 GAMA provides a centralized information hub for groundwater quality data for the public and decision-221 makers to help protect groundwater resources and improve statewide groundwater monitoring. The GAMA 222 Program receives data from a variety of monitoring entities including DWR, USGS, and SWRCB. GeoTracker 223 is a database and geographic information system (GIS) used by the GAMA program that was initially 224 developed in 2000. It contains records for sites that require cleanup, such as leaking underground storage tank 225 sites, Department of Defense sites, and cleanup program sites. GeoTracker also contains records for various 226 unregulated projects as well as permitted facilities including Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program, oil and gas production, operating permitted underground storage tanks, and land disposal sites. GeoTracker GAMA is 228 a module that was added to the GeoTracker system to compile and share groundwater data regarding water quality, water levels, contaminant sources, and groundwater publications. Data are submitted to GeoTracker 230 GAMA by CDPH, USGS, DWR, CDPR, the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL), State Water 231 Board, and Regional Water Boards. 232

233 Agricultural Lands Discharge Program

To be checked to see if/which monitoring is being conducted under this program in the Basin and updated accordingly.

Water Demand Management Program

On September 20, 2011, the SWRCB adopted a Frost Protection Regulation for the Russian River Watershed that required any diversion of water for frost protection between March 15 and May 15 to be regulated under and according to an approved Water Demand Management Program (WDMP). WDMPs require management of instantaneous demand on the Russian River stream system during frost events to prevent stranding and mortality of salmonids. This is achieved partially through monitoring and reporting of: 1) the quantity of water diverted from the river system through a direct diversion or pumping of a well that is connected to the subterranean channel during each frost event; and, 2) the stream stage at an appropriate location. Currently, three WDMPs within the Basin are approved and conduct the required monitoring:

- California Land Stewardship Institute For diversions in Mendocino County not including from the main stem of the Russian River
- Mendocino County Farm Bureau For diversions from the main stem of the Russian River in Mendocino County
 - North Coast Resource Management (Individual WDMP for Dutra Vineyards) For diversions from the West Fork of the Russian River in Mendocino County

United States Geological Survey (USGS)

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USGS monitors and collects streamflow data from three gauges within the Basin (11461000, 11462000, 11462080) and one just south of the Basin near Hopland (11462500, which represents the drainage from the Basin). Station 11462000 is representative of the East Fork Russian River and releases from Lake Mendocino, while Station 11461000 represents the West Fork Russian River up to the north of the City of Ukiah and before the confluence of the East Fork and West Fork. Stations 11462000 and 11461000 are no longer monitored by the USGS and have been reassigned to DWR and monitored for reporting to CDEC under Site IDs CDM and RRU, respectively.

59 California North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board (NCRWQC)

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permits, Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs), and Recycled Water Permits

Stormwater and wastewater discharges to water bodies are regulated under NPDES Permits. Within the 262 Basin area, the City of Ukiah is a co-permittee to the stormwater Phase I Municipal Separate Storm Sewer 263 System (MS4) Permit in the North Coast Region (Order No. R1-2015-0030). The County of Mendocino 264 discharges are regulated under the Phase II Small MS4 Program (Order No. 2013-0001 DWQ, permit WDID 265 438918 1 23M2000162). Both orders require monitoring and reporting of pollutants including but not limited 266 to organics, inorganics and metals, pesticides, indicator bacteria, and toxicity at outfalls and receiving water 267 bodies during dry and wet weather. The City of Ukiah Wastewater Treatment Plant (Ukiah WWTP) 268 is regulated under Order No. R1-2018-0035 (NPDES Permit No. CA0022888) and is required to monitor 269 pollutants in its in influent and effluent, upstream and downstream of its discharge to the Russian River, and in five groundwater wells as prescribed in the Order's Monitoring and Reporting Plan (MRP). 271

²⁷² Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)

A TMDL for Pathogens/Fecal Indicator Bacteria is under development for the Russian River and its tributary creeks. Actions have been proposed in the NCRWQC Staff Workplan under the TMDL Implementation Policy Statement for Sediment Impaired Receiving Waters in the North Coast Region (Sediment TMDL Implementation Policy) but no mandatory monitoring has been required. Lake Mendocino is listed as impaired under Section 303 (d) of the Clean Water Act for mercury pollution and is expected to be regulated under the statewide Mercury TMDL. A temperature TMDL has been proposed by the NCRWQC, but has not yet been scheduled. To summarize, no required TMDL monitoring is required within the Basin as the date of this report.

281 Russian River Regional Monitoring Program (R3MP)

It seems that a monitoring plan is under development, but additional information is needed to include or see if it is relevant.

Center for Western Weather and Water Extremes (CW3E) monitoring under ForecastInformed Reservoir Operation Planning

Feedback is needed to see if this program should be included. If so, this section will be updated accordingly through further coordination with the program.

2.1.3 Land Use Elements or Topic Categories of Applicable General Plans

289 The County of Mendocino General Plan

The County of Mendocino General Plan (General Plan) (PMC for Mendocino County 2009) serves to chart a 290 course for County government over the next 20 years. The goals, policies, and programs in the General Plan 291 represent the County's statement of how it should grow or change in the coming decades (or where/how it 292 should remain the same) and how today's challenges will be met. The General Plan identifies overarching 293 principles that provide the basis for the goals and policies included in the rest of the plan. The principles 294 embody key issues identified by the residents of Mendocino County, such as stewardship of County resources, 295 planning for growth, and the efficient and equitable provision of public services. The components of the 296 General Plan with the most relevance to the GSP include the Development Goals and Policies and the 297 Resource Management Element. There are also community-specific policies defined for the Redwood Valley Area that are relevant to this GSP. Many of the objectives and policies within the General Plan align with the 299 goals of the GSP and significant changes to water supply assumptions within these plans are not anticipated. The General Plan outlines development goals related to various topics including land use, infrastructure, 301 water/sewer, flooding/inundation, and geologic conditions that are relevant to this GSP. All these goals

follow the aforementioned principals and in turn lead to policies and objectives for the development of the 303 County. The General Plan aims: 1) for the land use patterns to preserve the County's natural resources 304 (Goals DE-1 and DE-3 of the General Plan); 2) to provide sufficient, efficient, and adequate water and sewer 305 service infrastructure for existing and future development (Goals DE-7 and DE-16); and, 3) to protect life and property while also protecting and managing natural drainage ways, floodplains and flood retention 307 basins and maintain flood-carrying capacity in harmony with environmental, recreational and open space objectives (Goals DE-18 and DE-19). These goals are in line with the purpose of the GSP and provide no 309 conflicting horizon. The Resource Management Element of the General Plan emphasizes the vital role of 310 water for a healthy environment and economy. It recognizes the importance of watersheds, groundwater 311 and recharge, water supply, water quality, ecosystem, biological resources, freshwater and marine resources, 312 open spaces, rural landscapes, and scenic resources (among others) as the pillars of the element, provides 313 an overview of each topic and its existing condition and role within the County, and aims at protecting and 314 enhancing these resources. This Element defines the County's goals as follows: 315

- Goal RM-1 (Watersheds): Land uses, development patterns and practices that facilitate functional and healthy watershed ecosystems.
- Goal RM-2 (Water Supply): Protection, enhancement, and management of the water resources of Mendocino County.
- Goal RM-3 (Water Quality): Land use development and management practices that protect or enhance water quality.
- Goal RM-4 (Ecosystems): Protection and enhancement of the county's natural ecosystems and valuable resources.
- Goal RM-7 (Biological Resources): Protection, enhancement and management of the biological resources of Mendocino County and the resources upon which they depend in a sustainable manner.
- Goal RM-8 (Marine Resources): Protection and restoration, and enhancement of Mendocino County's freshwater and marine environments.

As a result of these goals, the County continues to outline policies for resource management that align with the objectives of this GSP. To provide a few examples, Policy RM-6 under Water Resources Policies intends to "promote sustainable management and conservation of the County's water resources." Furthermore, Policy RM-12 under the same section requires that "the County supports the creation of a comprehensive plan for surface and groundwater resources in Mendocino County." These highlighted Policies are just two of 332 a long list of policies outlined in this Element of the General Plan that promote sustainable management, protection, and enhancement of water, habitat, and ecosystem resources.

County of Mendocino Zoning Plan

To be updated with more information if this section is deemed relevant. 336

Ukiah Valley Area Plan 337

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The Ukiah Valley Area Plan (UVAP) ("The Ukiah Valley Area Plan" 2011) provides comprehensive, long-338 term policy direction for growth and development by refining and supplementing the policies in the County's General Plan to focus on issues of importance in the Ukiah Valley. Land use and community development. 340 water management, and open space and conservation sections are the most relevant sections of the plan to 341 this GSP. Land use and community development Section aims at creating communities that can achieve its 342 principles of sustainability. The Water Management Section promotes efforts to protect and increase water 343 supply storage and capacity, reclamation and conservation of water, and protection of water quality. As 344 a result, the UVAP is founded upon similar principles as the General Plan and this GSP, and therefore, 345 presents visions and goals that align with the objectives of this GSP.

347 Well Permitting

- Water well permitting is administered by the County's Environmental Health Division and under the Mendocino County Well Ordinance §16.04 and regulations of the State of California as they pertain to water well construction and destruction. Well permit applications require information from the applicant, from an authorized well contractor, as well as payment of a fee.
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352 2.1.4 Additional GSP Elements

- 353 Control of saline water intrusion
- There is no evidence of saline water intrusion within the Basin. As an undesirable result under the SGMA, this is discussed in more detail in Section 2.2.2.
- Well construction policies, wellhead protection, well abandonment, and well destruction program
- As mentioned in Section 2.1.3, all well permitting, well construction, well abatement, and well destruction within the County and the Basin is conducted according to the Mendocino County Well Ordinance §16.04 and appropriate State standards and Federal suggested practices.
- Migration of contaminated groundwater
- This section will be updated upon receiving additional information.
- 363 Replenishment of groundwater extractions
- No artificial groundwater replenishment is currently operational within the Basin
- 365 Conjunctive use and underground storage
- No conjunctive use projects are currently operational within the Basin. Ukiah WWTP owns and operates effluent and recycled water percolation ponds that subsequently recharge the groundwater aquifer and flow to the Russian River. Discharges to the percolation ponds are conducted in accordance with the Ukiah WWTP NPDES Permit and required monitoring data are reported to the NCWQRC via the California Integrated Water Quality System (CIWQS).
- Groundwater contamination cleanup, recharge, diversions to storage, conservation, water recycling, conveyance, and extraction projects
- This section will be updated upon receiving additional information.
- Efficient water management practices
- The County has adopted County Ordinance §16.24 Water Conservation that outlines specific requirements for conservation devices to be met in order for a building permit to be issued. Water conservation and use efficiency are also included as the main goals of the County General Plan and UVAP. In addition, the City conducts an ongoing water conservation program according to the City's Urban Water Management Plan (Ukiah 2011). The program consists of a variety of demand management measures for conserving water

- following the general memorandum of understanding regarding urban water conservation in California (the
 City is not a signatory). The City has also advocated for emphasis on recycled water use and has expanded
 its recycled water program to deliver 1,000 acre-feet per year (AFY; 1.2 million cubic meters per year). The
 City will further expand its recycled water delivery upon completion of Phase IV of it recycled water project
 to 1,400 AFY (1.7 million cubic meters per year).
- 385 Relationships with State and federal regulatory agencies
- In the Basin, U.S. Forest Service (USFS), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (UACE), and California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) are major landowners. UACE manages the Coyote Dam on Mendocino Lake for the purposes of flood protection. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region 9, SWRCB, NCWQCB, DWR, and CDFW are major regulatory agencies involved within the Basin and the Russian River Watershed.
- Land use plans and efforts to coordinate with land use planning agencies to assess activities that potentially create risks to groundwater quality or quantity
- 393 This may include duplicate information as Land Use section and it may not be needed.
- 394 Impacts on groundwater dependent ecosystems
- 395 This section will be updated as GSP progresses.

2.1.5 Notice and Communication

This section will summarize and reference, or include the full text of Communication and Engagement Plan.

399 References

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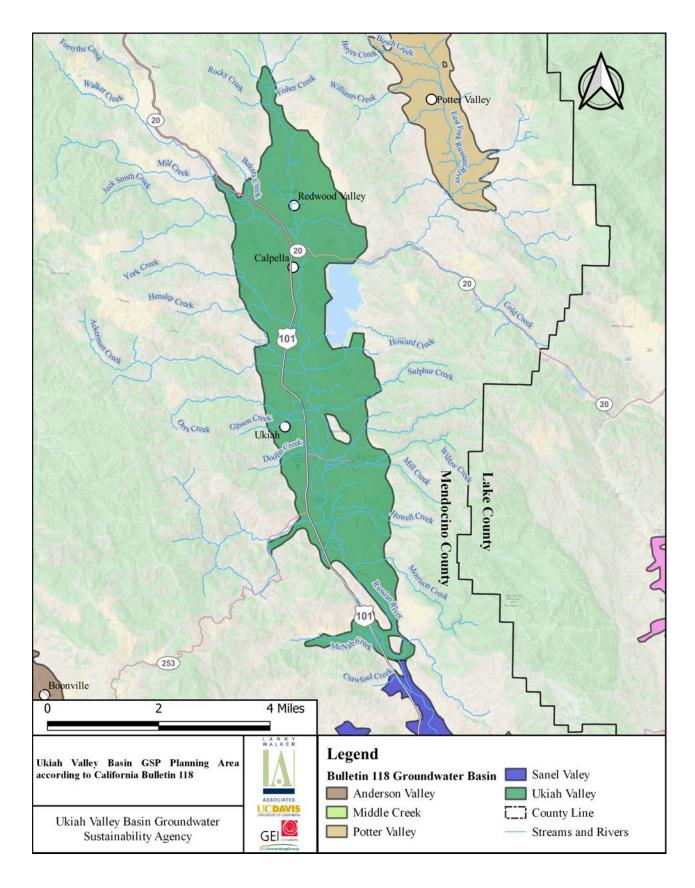


Figure 1: Ukiah Valley Bulletin 118 basin boundary and area.

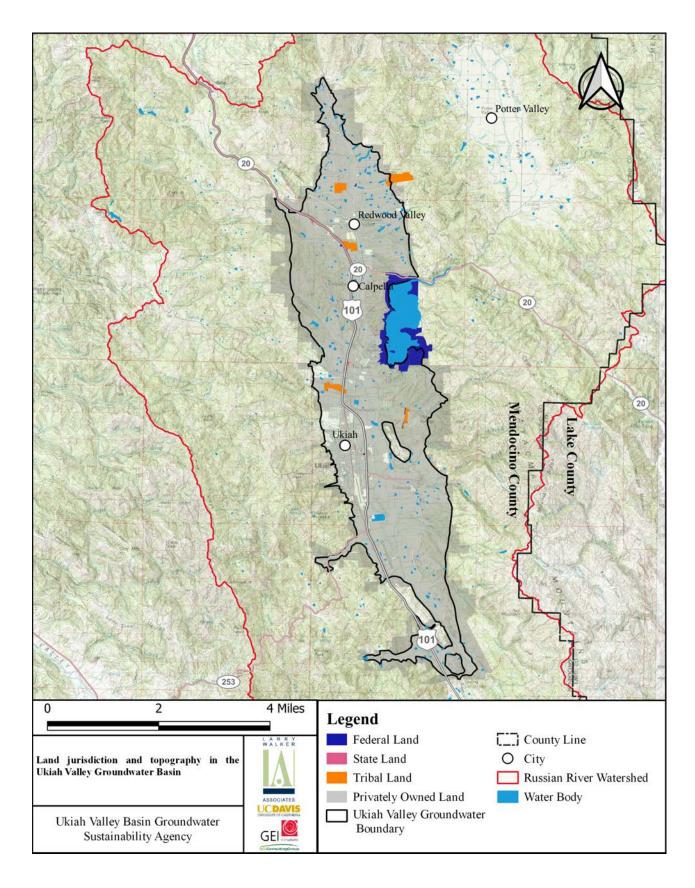


Figure 2: Land Jurisdiction and Topography in the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin.

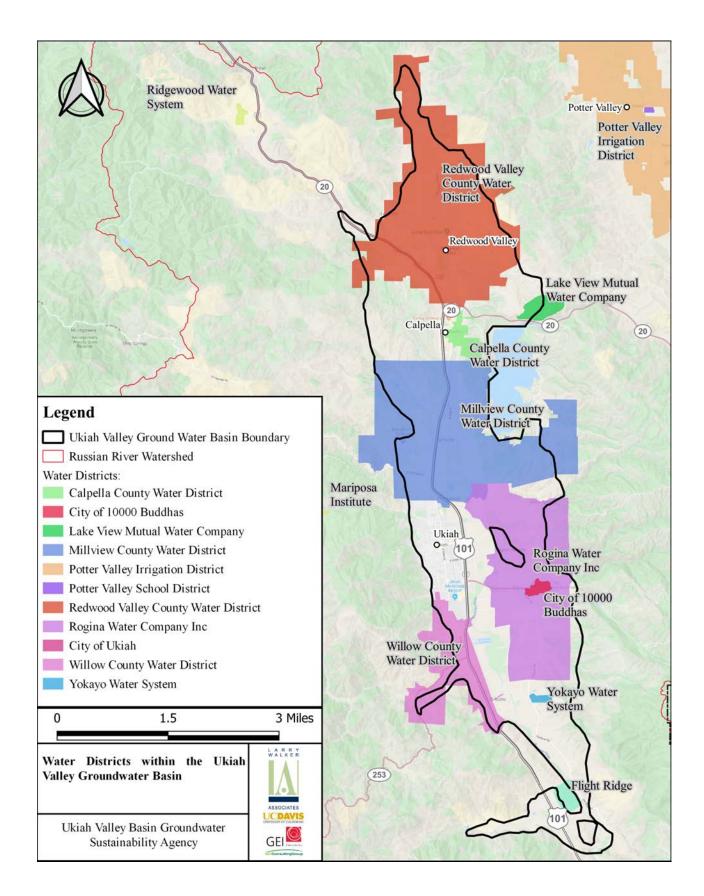


Figure 3: Water Districts in the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin.

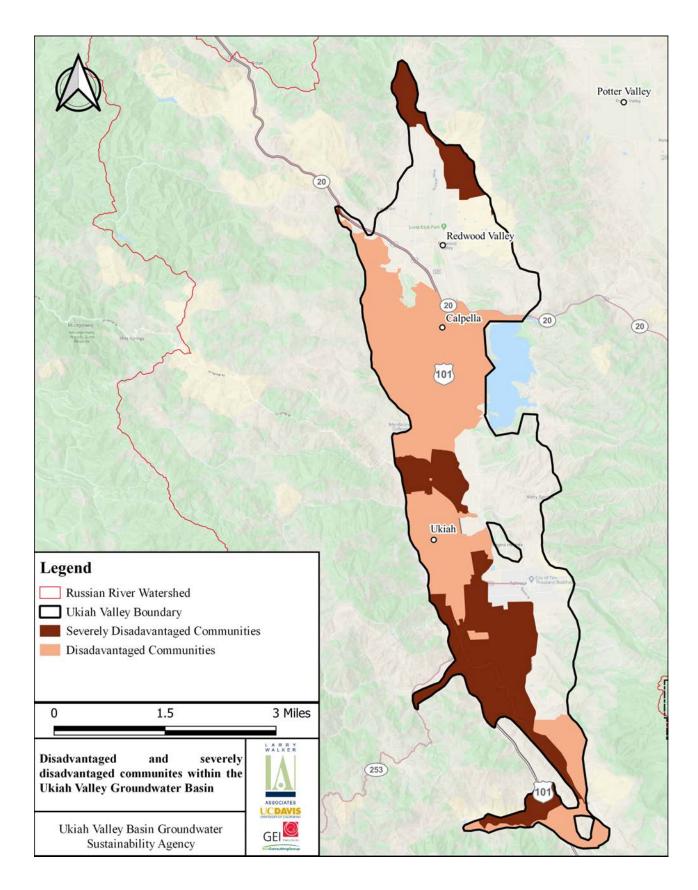


Figure 4: Disadvantaged and severely disadvantaged communities in the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin (order of overlay: census place, census, tract, census blocks).

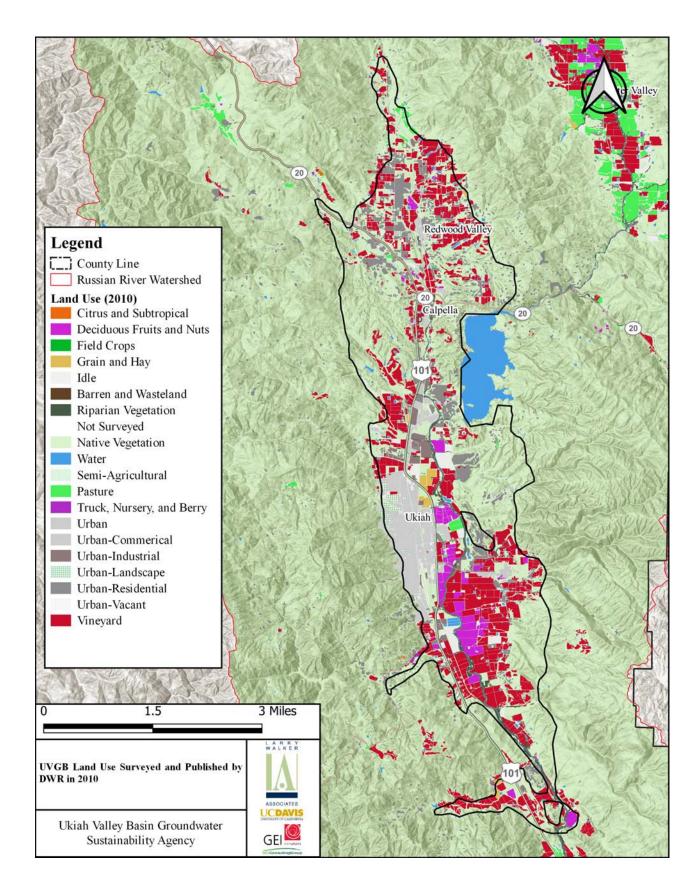


Figure 5: Land Use in the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin according to 2010 Land Use Survey.

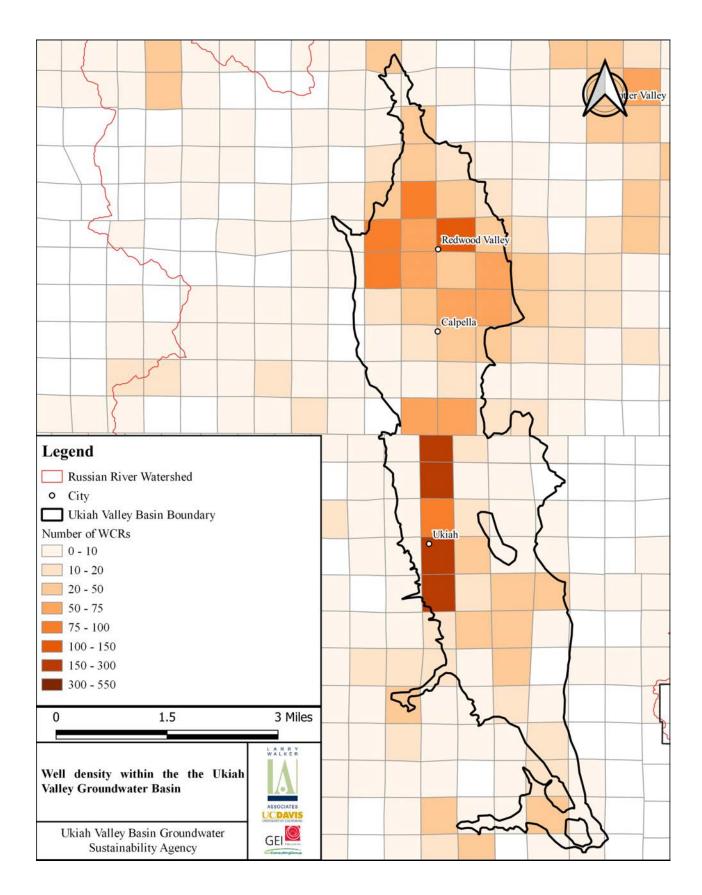


Figure 6: Total well density within the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin according to the OSWCR (DWR 2019b)

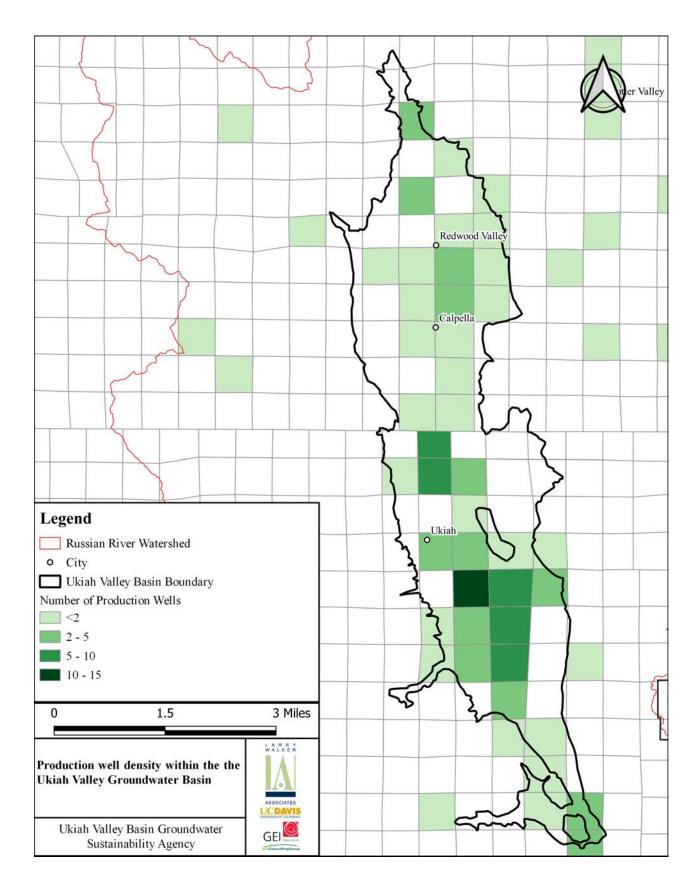


Figure 7: Production well density within the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin according to the OSWCR (DWR 2019b)

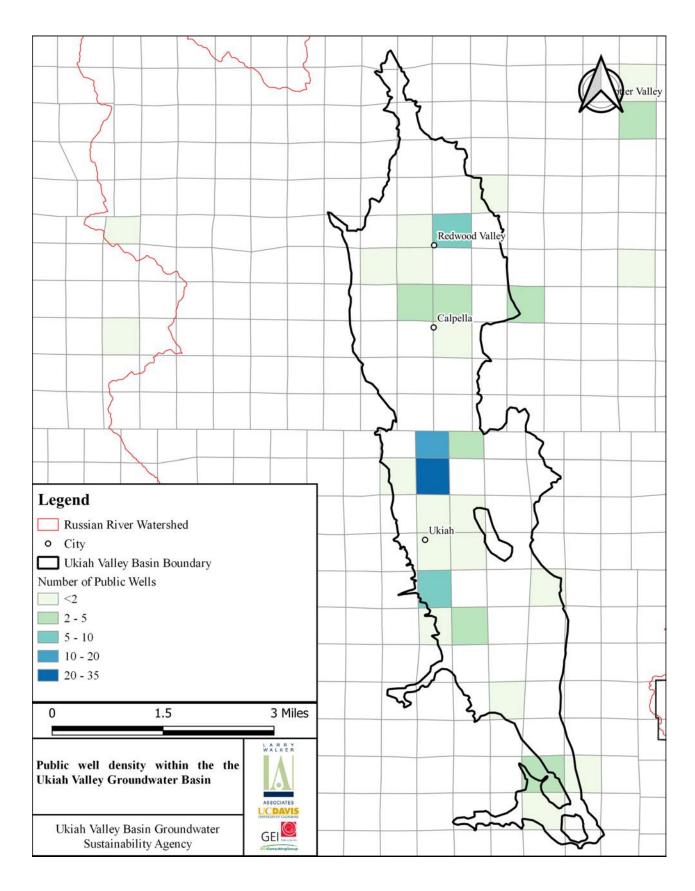


Figure 8: Public well density within the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin according to the OSWCR (DWR 2019b)

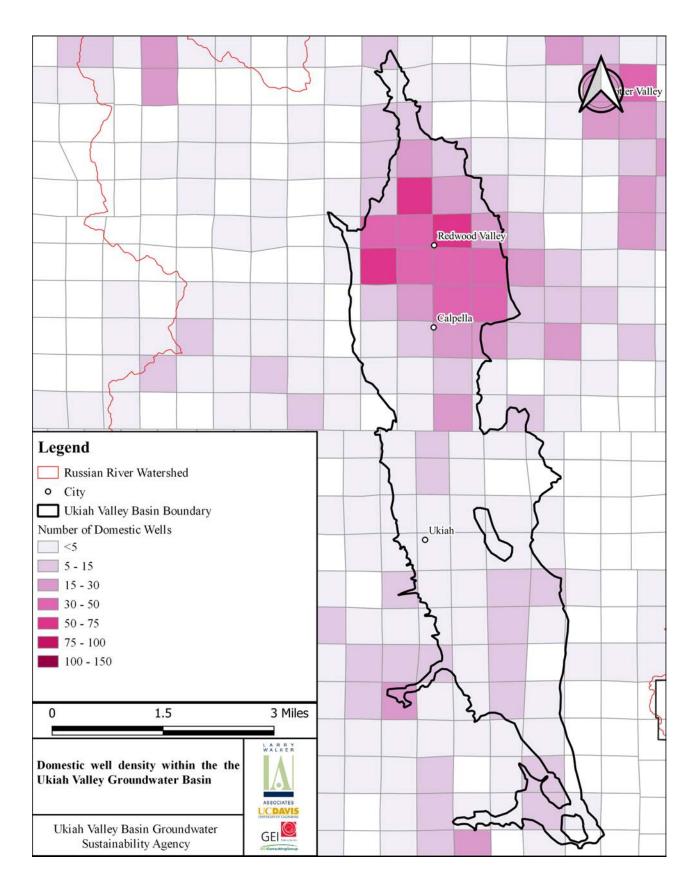


Figure 9: Domestic well density within the Ukiah Valley Groundwater Basin according to the OSWCR (DWR 2019b)